

# THE PLAIN DEALER.

VOLUME VII. NO. 48.

DETROIT, MICH., APRIL 18, 1890.

WHOLE NO. 358.

## A TRUTHFUL INDICTMENT

### THE TWO PHASES OF THE RACE PROBLEM.

The Nations Duty—Failure of the Church—The Press Inconsistent—Apathy of the People—How the Evils Might Be Averted.

PART II—THE SOLUTION.

By Wm. H. Anderson.

The solution of the race problem, North and South, lies in the principle of justice acting through the agencies of (1) the Federal government, (2) the liberal sentiment of the South, (3) public opinion North, and (4) the Afro-American himself.

1. Manifestly, if the nation is supreme and has the right to call upon the citizen when its existence is threatened, it should protect the citizen when his rights are threatened, whether abroad or at home, if the State in which he resides refuses him justice. In the South citizens of both races are robbed of citizenship. Intolerant bigotry regards neither race when its own opinions are interfered with. The Federal government should deal with this phase of the question boldly, promptly, decidedly and without compromise. Its neglect in this matter is the cause of all the serious complications now arising. Millions of dollars that have been expended, thousands upon thousands of lives that have been sacrificed, testify to the truth of the political axiom that "unsettled questions have no pity for the repose of nations," and should clearly demonstrate to the people of the republic the folly of temporizing with them. Evils are strengthened by compromises that recognize them.

(a) Congress should pass an act that would give the Federal government control of national elections in all localities, North or South where the wishes of the majority are defeated by unlawful procedure. The United States Supreme Court in the *Yarborough* case, six years ago, paved the way for such an act.

(b) Congress should give to the executive such power as would enable him to protect all the citizens of the republic in the rights guaranteed them by the Constitution and its amendments.

(c) It should grant national aid to education.

(d) It should place an educational qualification upon the right of suffrage.

(e) It should preserve the dignity of the government by punishing severely all parties who interfere with its agents in the line of their duty.

2. The South suffers as greatly by its intolerance as those citizens whose rights and privileges are curtailed. In many sections the spirit of the old South still reigns and shapes public opinion, and as a result the material progress of the States is not nearly as rapid as it would be if that public freedom of expression which exists North prevailed. But little help can be expected from the church in the South, for it is in the rear of liberal sentiment.

(a) Liberal sentiment of the South should make a united stand for justice. The efforts at present are spasmodic.

(b) It should urge the cultivation of kinder relations between the races. No one more susceptible to kindness than the Afro-American.

(c) It should put more earnest effort in the work of trying to find a remedy for their political differences that would bring harmony out of its present system of injustice and not leave this work to men whose reputations as butchers would forbid any great part of the people from having any confidence in them. Liberal sentiment in the South has denounced the wild license that vents itself against the life and property of the Afro-American, but it, also, universally ignores the political status by not suggesting anything that manhood would consent to. The Memphis *Avalanche* ridicules the deportation scheme. It recognizes the duty the South owes to the Afro-American, and urges that every effort be used to raise him to the highest standard of morality and intellectual cultivation. "His very weakness and our most sacred obligation appeal to the most scrupulous justice." Even the pen that writes the foregoing hardly comprehends "the most scrupulous justice," for it makes no distinction between the intelligent and the ignorant. "It is his misfortune as it is our duty that he has the franchise. We should strive to take that from him for his good, in order to fit him for the time when he can be trusted with the duties because he appreciates the duties of citizenship." The Atlanta *Constitution* has been taken to task for condemning the whipping of Afro-Americans. The *New Orleans Times Democrat* has said: "If we claim to be the superior race, it is our duty to be inflexibly just to the inferior race." It condemns the wanton acts of regulators, but in the heat of a political campaign it and others of the so-called liberal press encourage by their utterances such acts. In regard to outrage, the *Augusta (Ga.) Chronicle* grasps the key-note and forcibly says: "Laws are powerless either to prevent the commission of a crime or to punish criminals, unless public sentiment forbids the one and commands the other. The lawless class must be made to fear the law and respect it by its enforcement. This will be done by our courts when public opinion demands it and not before. Let the pulpit and the press, and every good

influence speak out against lawlessness and violence so that public opinion will abolish the cowardice and brutality of the mob and establish the reign of law and order throughout the tribunal of the courts." Yet this same journal went into spasms over the formation of the Afro-American League which seeks, among other agencies, the press and pulpit to secure a reign of law and order. Except among men of Republican principles, the men who believe in dealing honestly with the Afro-American, in all his relations, are the exceptions. Charles J. C. Puckette of Waco, Texas, is a notable one. He offers a solution of the Southern political race question that receives but little attention from the Southern press. His plan embraces two cardinal points: (1) "The absolute ascendancy of the whites in local, state and national politics. (2) A fair and equitable representation in government to the colored race." By this plan the Afro-American receives a representation in national, state and local affairs equal to three-fifths of his numbers in the general population. The offices are fixed by laws. The plan is rather complicated, but by it a disposition is shown to do something toward settling the political difficulty, and for that reason is to be recommended. It recognizes the Afro-American as a political factor, which the Southern people as a rule, are averse to doing.

(d) Liberal sentiment should make a distinction between the educated and ignorant classes—the worthy and the unworthy. It should be as easy to do it as to make the same distinction between the whites. It does not mean social privileges.

3. The apathy of the people of the North, and its indifference, are in part responsible for the present state of affairs. Too calmly have they been witnesses of facts that savor more of barbarism than civilization.

(a) Public opinion should be so aroused at affairs like that of Jessup, Ga., that one universal condemnation should be heard.

(b) Its protests against the infringement of the rights of citizenship should take some form of action, for the evil is one that will surely react and be turned by the whites upon the whites. This condition of affairs is becoming common in localities of the South.

(c) Public opinion, through press and pulpit, should vigorously condemn its own phase of the problem. It should demand equal opportunities for the Afro-American to earn his own living. Generally, the North is liberal in educating, but it is sparing in giving him the opportunity to use it. This injustice offers to the South a chance to doubt the sincerity of the North in its professions of friendship to the Afro-American.

(d) The North as well as the South might profit by studying the better types of the Afro-American. No other portion of the people is judged by the characteristics of the lower classes as is the Afro-American, and there is as much sense in the general judgment passed upon him as shown by action, as if the whole people were judged by its criminals and illiterate classes.

(e) Public opinion should encourage the gifted and intelligent. Many an Afro-American would be of great use to the State in various ways, whose abilities are clouded by prejudices. Public opinion can afford to be just.

4. The Afro-American must play no unimportant part in settling the problem of race.

(a) He must not surrender any privilege or right of citizenship voluntarily, though by force and strategy some rights and privileges are denied, he must still demand them as a man and a citizen until they are accorded.

(b) Because of the peculiar position which he holds, that requires of him better recommendations and more ability than from others to obtain a position, he must persist in demanding justice and in educating the head, heart and hand. The virtues not the vices or trivialities of others, must be cultivated. Life, to be successful, must be more serious with them than with any other of the republic.

(c) He does not require nor must he ask for special legislation, but must endeavor to create that public opinion which will demand the enforcement of the laws.

(d) He must organize. To correct abuses, to secure privileges, organization skillfully used is one of the most efficient factors. Because of his general poverty and condition it will be especially useful, and is imperative. As a rule, he has not the means to resort to the courts to obtain redress nor to employ the best legal talent. This can only be offset by a concentration of his strength. For years he has been urged to organize—to unite with the white in organization of labor—to identify himself as far as possible with the interests of the country; which advice, having been followed in a measure, has met with good results, and to unite for his own protection and welfare.

It is hard to tell who, among Afro-Americans, first conceived the idea of a National League, for it was a spontaneous outgrowth of a necessity. But to T. Thomas Fortune, of New York, belongs the honor of having first outlined a constitution for local leagues and starting the movement which has since become general and resulted in the formation of the National Afro-American League in Chicago, Jan. 15-17, 1890. This league is the most important step ever undertaken by Afro-Americans. Through this league he expects to secure justice in the courts and bring to punishment those midnight butchers and raiders who disgrace the South; he expects to see ventilate the penal system of the South and collect such a mass of evidence against it as will cause the American people to rise up and demand its abolishment; he expects to

lessen race animosities by a gradual diffusion of his numbers throughout the States; he expects to create more opportunities in the avocations of life; through various agencies he will endeavor to instill habits of economy, higher morality and thrift among the more ignorant classes and to encourage business enterprises. The league has outlined a great work, one that will tax energy, patience and ingenuity, for its leaders fully appreciate the situation. They have youth, energy, intelligence, capability, genius, tact, and an abundance of enthusiasm, and, above all, the confidence of the people among whom they will work. The work of organization is to be thorough.

Various comments have been passed upon the league. It has been claimed that the Afro-American reasserted his dependence because national aid to education has been asked for. That is not so. More truly than any one else does, he realizes the extent of illiteracy and the inability of states to meet it. He knows that among the best educated and intelligent people the greatest freedom and the least prejudice exists. With alarm he views the dangers that illiteracy creates, and, wishing to create that condition he sees in the more favored States, he advocates national aid. He is also in harmony with the best thought of the nation. Convention after convention among the people have indorsed the same idea. It formed one of the resolutions adopted by the National Educational Convention that met at New York in February. Far from showing his dependence, he showed by the work he outlined in the league more clearly than ever before his independence. Again it has been claimed that he advocated the formation of a Black Republic. Nothing in the league constitution or in its address to the country would warrant such a claim; on the contrary, diffusion of the race among the states is recommended. It has also been claimed that it seeks in politics to create a wheel within the great wheel of government. On the contrary, the league effectually set down upon politics and no State or national officeholder is eligible to a position in the national body.

The writer has endeavored to outline the record and services, which are too often forgotten, of the Afro-American to the republic, his present status and the causes which have led up to the race problem, and given such remedies as he thinks would most quickly solve the problem of race. When we look abroad to other governments than our own and find that the races dwell peacefully together, the inevitable conclusion asserts itself that the problem is one arising out of a condition rather than of race. He does not believe in that innate instinct of antagonism between the races about which some men so lightly talk and build up theories, but such antagonism that does exist he attributes to the false idea of society and to education. The child has no prejudices until it is in some way taught it. In mature years, when men come in contact with intelligence and ability, they find their prejudices, as to individuals, melt away.—Prejudice decreases as the number of individuals who arise superior to obstacles increase, hence the gradual softening of the Northern phase of the race problem.

If, as has been stated, two people under like conditions have never been able to live together, without the weaker being driven to the wall, it remains for the American people, by practicing the principles of justice and carrying into their lives the enlightened ideas of a Christian civilization, to show that the races, as part of one nationality, can live side by side in unity and peace and together aspire in all those things that go to make republics free, great and prosperous.

### THEY OFTEN DO IT.

Republicans of Oklahoma Giving Democratic Clubs to Use on Themselves.

TORONTO, Kan., April 4.—W. H. Rolfe, president of the Oklahoma Immigration Association, returned today from a five weeks' trip through Oklahoma. Speaking of the territory he said: "I have traveled all over the territory, on both the Rock Island and Santa Fe roads, and the more I see of it, the better I like it. The Negroes are still coming into the territory every day; many of them being well fixed financially. Some of the more wealthy who desire choice claims near the city are buying relinquishments at from \$500 to \$1,000 per claim. The candidacy of E. P. McCabe for governor of Oklahoma has been the means of turning the eyes of many wealthy and intelligent Negroes toward the territory, and whether he receives the appointment or not, it will do a great deal toward putting into the territory thousands of wealthy, intelligent Negroes who otherwise would hardly make the venture. I notice that some Republican papers seem to spurn the idea of having a Negro governor. Well, at present, Oklahoma is politically a quarry, and without the Negro vote the Democrats will have the inside track. If Republican papers discourage Negro immigration to Oklahoma, they are only putting into the hands of the Democrats clubs that they will use against them in the future."

Hon. B. K. Bruce will deliver the Annual Address May 29th, at the Tuskegee Normal Institute, Tuskegee, Ala.

Gov. W. has cured Mr. Frank McKay who resides at No. 43 Tillman avenue, Detroit, of general debility.

Advertisement in THE PLAIN DEALER.

## LODGE'S ELECTION LAW.

### THE ARGUMENTS FOR AND AGAINST ITS PASSAGE.

Langston and His Contest—Coming Home For Summer—Liberian News—Race Notes.

Special Correspondence from Afro-American News Bureau, Washington April 16.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Apr. 16.

The bill providing for a national election law which was presented to the house of Representatives by Congressman Lodge, of Massachusetts three weeks ago, will have a consideration within ten days. The matter was arranged yesterday by some of the Republican leaders of the House who met in caucus and had an informal talk on the subject. The bill from the first met with a united opposition of the Democrats who are fighting its passage with all the force in their power, and they have the encouragement of several Republican Congressmen who have openly avowed that they will vote against the measure.

The opposing Republicans argue that the bill, if passed, will menace the present form of government by crippling the rights of States and centralizing the Union. They say further, that the admission of the new states which are now Republican, insures the continuance of the party now in power independent of the South. Mr. Lodge and those who are with him in supporting the bill, contend that politics aside, the government, is obligated to protect even the least of its subjects in their rights of citizenship. The bill promises to create the first breach in the Republican Congressional ranks of the present session, and its passage is dangerously threatened.

Hon. John M. Langston is a most daily visitor to the Capitol. He was there today apparently in the best of spirits, and when asked what his prospects were for getting his seat in Congress, he replied: "First rate." It is an open secret here among the law makers that the committee on contested elections will report adversely on Mr. Langston's case. Mr. Venneale has been very active in his efforts to retain the seat, and he has had the aid of Republican influence. Gen. Mahone who has kept up the warfare on Mr. Langston, is said to have at least the sympathy of some people higher in power than himself. It is said to be a fact that Gen. Mahone has been offered the Consulship to Paris and he declined the honor for the reason that Mr. Langston's rivalry for the leadership of the Republican party in Virginia is too strong to be allowed any advantage. Mr. Langston has again announced himself for Congress in the Petersburg district, and his campaign, though young, is said to have a very healthy appearance. He says that he will be elected next fall by a majority, the shadow of whose magnitude will annihilate any fraudulent intent on his seat in the House of Representatives.

Frederick Douglass is coming home to spend the summer. The State Department has granted him leave of absence from his Haytian post during the hot months, and he will arrive in Washington early in June. Already yellow fever has made its appearance in Central America and there is great fear that all of that country, as well as the islands adjacent, will suffer this year from an epidemic of that dreadful malady. Mr. Douglass does not care to risk his life and that of Mrs. Douglass by remaining in Hayti during the summer when his presence there can so easily be spared. His latest communication to the State Department here, received only three days ago, conveyed the intelligence that the Haytian government is free from internal strife, and that the administration of President Hyppolite is popular with the masses. The exigency which demanded the constant presence of a wise and strong representative of the United States in Hayti when Mr. Douglass was appointed, no longer exists. The diplomatic relations of the two countries are now on the most amicable terms, and the State Department did not hesitate to grant Minister Douglass a leave of absence when he asked for it. There is no foundation, he writes, for the rumored uprising in San Domingo, the report of which created quite a breeze when it was received here a few days ago.

William Copplinger, secretary and treasurer of the American Colonization Society, said today that he has just received encouraging news from the Republic of Liberia. Native tribes inhabiting the interior part of the Republic, who have on more than one occasion threatened the destruction of the civilized government, are abandoning their heathenish customs and adopting the ways of their enlightened neighbors. The borders of the Republic which are only 20 miles back from the sea-coast are to be extended 50 miles Eastward, and in stead of the 100,000 square miles now under the flag of the Lone Star, almost twice that amount of territory will soon be under its control. The interest on the \$2,000,000 debt of the Republic to England is being promptly paid and the principal is being reduced. Early next month the bark *Liberia* will sail from New York with a small lot of emigrants for the Dark Continent, who are already booked for transportation.

Hon. H. C. Astwood who was to have started last week for San Domingo where he was going for the purpose of settling his

business affairs and bringing his family home, has postponed the trip for a few days. He is still in Washington, and his appointment to a good office under the administration, is said to be well assured.

News has reached here of the arrival of Prof. W. Edward Blyden in London. It is not his intention to return to this country for a year or more. He will visit Africa first.

J. Milton Turner was here a few days ago and had paid to him the remaining \$13,000 of his fee for lobbying through Congress the Cherokee indemnity bill.

James L. Trotter whom Hon. B. K. Bruce succeeded as Recorder of Deeds for the District of Columbia is expected here this week from Boston where he has again taken up his residence, to attend to some private matters which will wind up his relations with Washington for at least two years.

The Congressional committee on contested elections has not made its report to the House as yet in the case of Thomas E. Miller who has proven his election against Elliott of the Shoe String district of South Carolina. It is understood that the committee will favor Mr. Miller and he will be seated.

Four hundred and seventy three colored emigrants passed through Washington a few days ago on their way to Ohio from North Carolina. The party was composed of sixty-two families.

First Assistant Post Master General Clarkson has fully made up his mind to resign. The trouble originated with the dismissal of an Afro-American postal clerk, against whom charges had been filed affecting his moral character. Mr. Clarkson's decision was that the young man should retain his place, but in spite of this he was dismissed by J. Lowrie Bell, General Superintendent of the Railway Mail Service, and he was sustained by Mr. Wansmaker.

Congressman Henry P. Cheatham secured the appointment a few days ago of Mrs. S. Drake, a colored lady 61 years of age, as post mistress at Rocky Mount, N. C. The appointment is a Presidential one and the salary is \$1,340 a year.

Prof. Gregory of Howard University, is looming up very prominently as a candidate for the Ministership to Liberia. It is said that Hon. B. K. Bruce is urging his appointment. ALEX. G. DAVIS.

### NOT LEADERS OF THOUGHT.

The Barbers of Buffalo Most Pronounced in Opposing Civil Rights.

From The Buffalo Express.

Assemblyman First has introduced a mixed-up measure that "allows" all persons in the State, without regard to race color or religion, to enjoy all the accommodations, facilities, and privileges of hotels, saloons, ice cream saloons, restaurants, conveyances, places of resort or amusement, schools, hospitals and all other places for the accommodation and use of the public. Owners or managers of hotels, inns, taverns, liquor or ice-cream saloons, restaurants and cafes must obtain a license from the city or county authorities and conspicuously display the price list for their accommodations. For the first violation of the act \$100 shall be paid to the aggrieved person. For each succeeding offence the offender shall be guilty of misdemeanor and shall be liable to a fine of from \$20 to \$1,000 or imprisonment of from one month to a year, or both, or to have his license revoked. No man shall be ineligible for jury duty on account of his race, color or previous condition of servitude, and officers failing to summon citizens for this reason shall be guilty of misdemeanor.

There is no need of another system of licenses for hotels or saloons, and there is little need for the bill generally. The prejudice against Negroes has almost disappeared in this State, and what there is left of it can be got rid of quicker by laughter than by legislation. No intelligent white person in New York objects to being put on terms of equality with a self-respecting Negro, and the ignorant Caucasians who feel themselves soiled by such contact need only be told that they are making sanguinary fools of themselves.

The Express this morning contains a chapter on public race equality in Buffalo. The thing is not as perfect as could be wished, but it is the actual state of affairs bears out the truth of what we have said. Separate schools were abolished in Buffalo a decade ago. Negroes may sit in any Buffalo theater. They probably would be served in any first-class Buffalo restaurant. The white barbers are disposed to stand on their dignity, but tonsors are not usually leaders of thought.

The Name Here.

Southern Workmen: "The Oneddas should never be called 'Indians,' says Mrs. Hiles of the Wisconsin Indian association. They are simply men and women, and have well earned their cosmopolitan titles."

"Let us call ourselves no more the American Indian," says John Patten at the close of his speech here on the 8th of February, "but let us prove ourselves worthy the name of the Indian American."

Justice of the Peace.

Mr. Beverly Harris of Addison, Mich., was one of the successful candidates in the late election, and is no doubt highly elated at his good fortune. Mr. Harris was nominated for Justice in a strongly Democratic ward on the Republican ticket, and to his own surprise and his opponent's chagrin, he was elected by a majority of 87. He has qualified and is now ready for business.



# HERE'S WHAT YOU WANT!

What we want is to get into families where **The Plaindealer** does not now go.

And we have such faith that if we can induce a large number of families to read **The Plaindealer** for say three months, many of them will become permanent subscribers, that we are willing to make a sacrifice at first and be content to abide by the result. We have, therefore, resolved to make the following offer:

We will send **The Plaindealer** for 3 months to any new subscriber for 35 cents and allow you a commission of nearly 30 per cent. for your trouble. That is, we will accept from you

**25 CENTS NET**

FOR EACH NEW 3 Months' Subscription,

thus giving you 10 cents on each new subscriber obtained.

## THAT IS A BIG OFFER.

But we will do more yet. To the sender of a club of 15 new names, with \$3.75 in cash (that is, 25 cents net each), we will send a present of a set of the complete works of either Scott or Dickens as desired.

The object of this is to induce as many as possible to get up clubs. For every club of 15 new names, the sender is entitled to a set of either Dickens' or Scott's complete works. Canvassers will receive an additional set of the same for each additional club of 15 new names.

Now, good friends, this is the biggest set of inducements we have ever offered to gain our desired 10,000 subscribers.

## THINK OF THE POINTS.

- 1st. You are sure of gaining 10 cents in money on each subscription taken, whether few or many.
  - 2d. If you send as many as 15 subscriptions you are sure of earning \$1.50 in cash and a set of the books.
- This offer is now thrown open to all. Nobody can renew on this offer. Each subscriber **MUST BE A NEW ONE.**

### Triumphantly Elected.

**BOYNE CITY**, April 12.—We have had very disagreeable weather for some time past, but we had a great deal of rain which has caused the snow to nearly all disappear, and the farmers are getting ready for ploughing.—Well the excitement caused by the city elections is over, the vanquished have fallen back and the triumphant are rejoicing, and I am glad to note that Mr. Z. Morgan, treasurer of Wilson township who was in the field for re-election to the office can be counted among the latter. His official record as treasurer is something we should all feel proud of. We clip the following from the Boyne City News: "Mr. Z. Morgan, treasurer of Wilson township, has the honor of having the best and most correct returns of any similar official in the county, as the examination of the various rolls will show. This is certainly something to be proud of, especially as this was Mr. Morgan's first term. The people of his township are so well pleased with services rendered that at the caucus held last Saturday they nominated Mr. Morgan for a second term by an almost unanimous vote." The above was verified last Monday by his being elected, receiving nearly two thirds of the vote. —The Boyne City High School Exhibition which was given on the evening of March 28th was a grand success. An excellent program was prepared, and every thing passed pleasantly, although the room was uncomfortably full.—Easter was observed here in both churches, the Methodist and Presbyterian. The exercises in the Presbyterian church at 3 p. m. consisted chiefly of character recitations by the pupils of the school, and choir singing. In the M. E. church at 7.30 p. m. was held a praise service.—Mr. and Mrs. Artist formerly of Flint, Mich., have moved to this place. Mr. Artist is a barber by trade, and has opened a hair dress-

ing and shaving parlor. We wish him success. **LULU.**

### Badly Burned.

**SANDUSKY, O.**, April 7.—The Easter exercises at Decatur street Baptist church were very fine. The school was opened at 8 o'clock p. m., by singing, with Miss Annie Martian at the organ. This was followed by prayer, singing and a recitation by the children. Miss Annie Martian sang a solo entitled *The Beautiful Angles*. At the evening session the pastor read the 25th chapter of Matthew for a Scripture lesson and the following program was rendered: Singing by the choir, *Christ is risen*, recitation, *Miss Libbie Bibb*; solo, *Miss Birdie Garrett*; essay *Easter Eggs*, *Mr. Menchener*; singing by the school; essay, *Miss Corria Moore*; solo, *Miss Emma Taylor*; recitation, *Mrs. Argie Allen*; singing, *A Temperance Song* by the school and prayer by the pastor.—The second youngest child of Mr. and Mrs. Gilkerson was badly burned last Friday.—Miss Libbie Bibb, of Tiffin, is visiting her sister, Mrs. K. Gilkerson.—The first Sunday in May is the day set apart for the grand rally at the Decatur street Baptist church.—The Easter rally at the A. M. E. church was a success. Rev. Mitchell filled the pulpit last Sunday.

### Milwaukee Jottings.

**MILWAUKEE**, April 13.—Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Bryant and son returned home from Memphis, Tenn., where they have been spending a month with relatives and friends; they say that the South is in fine condition. Crops are looking well, fruit trees are blooming and the yards fragrant with the many flowers.—Mr. R. Bryant says that the Afro-Americans are doing well for themselves on the Southern soil. The schools are a grand feature as the amusements must come from this source alone. So they have no desire to attend the public places of amusements where they have to pay their money and are not wanted. He says that the Afro-American Leagues are being formed all over the State with great interest manifested. We greet them with open hands. I mean Mississippi, she being the first to meet in State Convention and form in a body as Afro-American Leagues.—Mr. L. H. Palmer's letter says that every thing in Kansas is looking well for the Afro-American. He is at present at Hurladay, Kansas, where there is about from thirteen to fifteen dwelling houses here of Afro-Americans who are doing well.—Mr. Palmer has been absent about one month and a half visiting in the South. He says the people of his race are solving the great race question very fast, by filling the avenues of life as the other races have done, and are doing to day. He says the future is ours only have a little patience and unity, and victory will be ours as a race. This is encouraging to the Afro-American because we know that nothing would have been said by Mr. L. H. Palmer and Mr. R. H. Bryant except they had not given this part of their visit a great deal of time looking to the interest of the race. Mr. Palmer will leave for home on Wednesday of this week.—Mr. John Pankinton a great and good friend to Afro-Americans in this community who has been confined to his home for the last six months is fast improving and looking quite well. He has given to the St. Mark's church every time he has been called on, and he has promised a check of five-hundred dollars, when the last payment is ready to be made on the church. Also other friends have promised to assist in amounts of one hundred dollars with smaller sums from well wishers of the church. The pastor feels sure of a good success in paying at least seventeen or eight-hundred dollars by the first of June, that being the full amount due on the church. The friends are requested to keep in view the coming fair the ladies have on hand for the church.—Mr. Jno. Hucherson has returned home from the East looking quite well.—Mrs. West Moreland returned home Saturday, but left to-day for Elgin, Ill.—J. Y. Cropper is here spending a short time looking after business interests.—A sad day in the court house—change of the head of affairs. The Republicans walk out and the others walk in.—Mrs. A. D. Johnson has been confined to her home since last Saturday with a severe cold.—On last Saturday there was a very large funeral of one of the young business men of our city, Mr. Finn a plumber. The funeral procession was fully one mile long. He leaves a wife and one child to mourn his loss.—Mr. R. Gant is still absent from his young wife and baby he writes that he is well and enjoying the fresh air of the sunny South. **S. B. B.**

### A. Y. M. C. A.

**BATTLE CREEK**, April 14.—Battle Creek will soon have a Young Men's Christian Association. A large enthusiastic audience met at the First Baptist church Sunday afternoon, and the organization was effected, and a constitution adopted. It was stated that the committee had raised all but \$1.75 of the full amount \$2,500 required.—The Rev. W. W. Clark, of Jackson, preached at the Second Baptist church Sunday morning and evening.—Rev. Binga is passing a few days in the city.—As Sunday was an exceedingly fine day, many were out riding, among whom were several young colored people who took a pleasant ride in the country.—The Shiloh baptists are contemplating on building a new church as the church formerly occupied by them has been sold. Plans have been drawn, and meetings are now held in the different cottages of the members. **B. S.**

### Stand in the Front Rank.

**FT. WAYNE**, April 14.—Last Monday night St. Mary's Lodge No. 14, of F. & A. M. conferred the 3rd degree on Thomas Wilnamy Joseph Bundy and Daniel Wallace.—Mr. Daniel Burnett left for Delphia Ind., last Monday. Mrs. Emma Burnett left for Cherubusco Ind., last Friday. Yesterday was the grand rally day to raise money on the church debt which elder C. J. Hill with the Church officers are trying hard to raise. Elder Graham of Kalamazoo and Elder Parris of Lansing were present to assist Elder Vanstyeke of the Berry st. Church. Elder Graham preached morning and evening. They did not succeed in raising as much as expected but the

work will go on. About \$70 raised yesterday is about one-fifth of the indebtedness. So many of our people when it comes to paying off a church debt stay away Soldiers, let us stand up in the front ranks and never be wanting there! **J. H. B.**

### Girls, Beware!

**GRAND RAPIDS**, April 16.—Despite the inclement weather the churches Sunday were well attended. At the Messiah Baptist church, nine persons received the sacrament of baptism at the hand of the pastor J. W. Johnson, Wednesday evening. At the Fountain st. Baptist church Sabbath evening communion service was held at which time there was an interesting congregation and the hand of fellowship was extended to eleven.—Rev. William Youson of Cincinnati, O., will preach at the A. M. E. Zion church next Sabbath at 10.30 a. m., for the Messiah Baptist church who will hold their service there at that time. Mr. Jas. Owens has been elected treasurer of the building fund of the said church.—Mr. William Hurst and daughter of Allagan were entertained by Mrs. G. A. Boyer Easter Sunday. They have returned to their home highly delighted with their visit.—Mr. Samuel H. Evans led to the matrimonial altar Miss Angeline Howard, Saturday April 12, at the bride's residence, and they were made one Rev. J. W. Johnson officiated.—Mr. Robert Bowman has become dissatisfied with our city and will soon leave for Chicago.—Mr. Henry Grant has shown great respect to the birthday of his wife by presenting her with a beautiful silk dress and subscribing for **THE PLAINDEALER**.—Mr. Rufus Paterson and wife will leave next week for Chicago where they expect to reside. They are well respected and their departure will be regretted by their many friends.—Mr. Robert Bass and lady have gone to Grand Haven where they intend spending some months.—Mrs. Edward M. Ford is in our city.—There are some well dressed men from the North who call themselves landlords of hotels and style themselves gentlemen, but your correspondent has another name for them. Their business in this city is to get girls to go to the lumber woods for servant girls or waiters in the hotels mentioned, and they prefer colored girls. My advice would be to all girls never to allow themselves to be persuaded to leave their pleasant homes to follow any such deceivers. **J. H. A.**

### Closed For The Season.

The Willing Workers closed their series of meetings this season with a reception to their friends in the Good Samaritan parlors of Sheba Hall, Thursday evening, April 10th. The parlors were filled at an early hour by the friends and relatives of the members who spent a delightfully social evening. Mr. Sylvester Smith presided at the piano and though the good ladies of the society did not trip the light fantastic etc., many of them kept excellent time with the music. During the evening Prof. Straker addressed them and among many other eulogistic remarks, made the suggestion that since the ladies had so well shown their friends of the opposite sex how to conduct a charity, they might probably in the future be instrumental in finding a way to provide them with a hall, which is so much needed for such social reunions. The supper was served by Mrs. Joiner, of Columbia street, and consisted of salads and ices customary for such events. Their last regular meeting was held at the residence of Mrs. Geo. Barrier, and as a finale to a successful year's work prayer was offered, and a hymn was sung. The ladies made no detailed report of their charities because the beneficiaries are often people who from some unfortunate circumstance or prolonged illness are temporarily embarrassed, and they are averse to mentioning such people as public subjects for charity, but every penny received has been judiciously expended or carefully kept, and they are much pleased at the fact, that with the assistance of only two public entertainments, since their existence, they have been enabled by their own small contributions to dispense so much relief and comfort.

### A Brilliant Affair.

**JACKSON**, April 15.—The long looked for banquet of Godfrey Commandery was given on Tuesday, April 8, and was a grand success in every respect. The spectators were highly entertained through out the evening with singing by George Powers, William Goodell and Master Charles Leatherman as a trio; reading by Miss Lizzie Madison, solo by Miss Dora Greyson. The next was a walk for a cake in which a number of ladies and gentlemen took part. The cake was awarded to Mr. W. W. Clark and Mrs. Plum. Then all retired to the dining room for supper, where it seemed the ladies had prepared for every body.—Mr. C. W. Ellis of East Saginaw made a flying visit to Jackson on the 10th.—Mr. Henry W. Deigh is very sick with la grippe.—Miss Gustie Wilson of Lansing, and Mr. Gregory of Detroit, were in attendance at the funeral of the late Laura Howard.—Mr. Brown from Pennsylvania, is now working for W. W. Clark of this city.—Mrs. A. H. Jones went to Chelsea last week and spent Sunday with her nephew, Mr. Crofford.—A fine party was held at Mrs. Beryeman Fort's in honor of her niece, Miss Anna Toliver, before taking her departure for Hot Springs, Ark.—There will be a meeting held at Garrett's hall, Pearl street, on Thursday evening, April 17, for the purpose of electing delegates to attend the State convention which is to meet in Detroit in May.—Mr. and Mrs. E. Stewart are now nicely settled in their new home, 415 West Webb street.—Rev. Binga was in town Tuesday and Wednesday of this week, on his way to Topeka, Kan., where he has a daughter residing.—Miss Laura Howard who has been a long and patient sufferer from consumption, died at her father's residence last Tuesday evening, at the age of 20 years. The funeral sermon was delivered by Rev. Saunders at the house. **F. M. T.**

### Sandusky Ohio.

**SANDUSKY, O.**, April 14.—Mrs. H. Bartlett, Mrs. Jefferson, Mrs. E. Smith and Miss A. Martain, went to Castalia on the 15th to assist in the birthday festivities of Miss Ida Martain.—The Decatur street Baptist church will hold a grand rally on the first Sunday in May. Every body is respectfully invited. The Baptist church is to have a new fence.—**THE PLAINDEALER** was not delivered a Saturday on account of the last letter from Sandusky not being in it.—The concert and fair at the A. M. E. church was a success in every respect.—The Parlor Club will meet at Mrs. M. Jones. **G. D. S.**

The chief symptom of a cold in the head is a handkerchief. The czar of Russia has lost nearly all his teeth.



## SYRUP OF FIGS

**ONE ENJOYS**  
Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

**CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.**  
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. NEW YORK, N.Y.  
LOUISVILLE, KY.

**SICK HEADACHE**  
**CARTER'S**  
**LITTLE LIVER PILLS.**  
Positively cured by these Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Heartily Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER, They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.  
Price 25 Cents.

**CARTER MEDICINE CO., NEW YORK.**  
Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.

**The Cod That Helps to Cure The Cold.**  
The disagreeable taste of the **COD LIVER OIL** is dissipated in **SCOTT'S EMULSION**  
Of Pure Cod Liver Oil with **HYPOPHOSPHITES OF LIME AND SODA.**  
The patient suffering from **CONSUMPTION, BRONCHITIS, COUGH, COLIC, OR WASTING DISEASES,** may take the remedy with as much satisfaction as he would take milk. Physicians are prescribing it everywhere. It is a perfect emulsion, and a wonderful flesh producer. Take no other.

**THE BEST REMEDY FOR CHILDREN**  
**CATARRH**  
**FLY'S CREAM BALM**  
CURES COLIC, BRONCHITIS, COUGH, COLIC, OR WASTING DISEASES, may take the remedy with as much satisfaction as he would take milk. Physicians are prescribing it everywhere. It is a perfect emulsion, and a wonderful flesh producer. Take no other.

**WILL BUY THE BEST, 5-Ton Wagon Scale**  
Tare Beam and Beam Box Free. Send for circulars. **Jones he Pays the Freight, BINGHAMTON, N. Y.**  
**\$60 WHEN ANSWERING**  
Advertisements, say you saw the advertisement in **THE PLAINDEALER.**

**VINEGAR BITTERS**  
FREE FROM ALCOHOL  
DIETETIC  
CALIFORNIA  
**VINEGAR BITTERS**

**GRANDEST MODERN DISCOVERY**  
Triumph of Pharmacy  
The only true practical

**Elixir of Life and Health**  
is one that promotes digestion, improves the appetite, cleanses the liver, purifies the blood, and stimulates the brain and nerves without injurious reaction, and one that may be taken with safety by old or young, by the infirm, by those who are suffering from indigestion, or by those who are suffering from the effects of bad whisky, sweetened and flavoured liquors, or by those who are suffering from the effects of the use of the titles of bitters, tonics, &c. produce effects far worse than the disease for which they are taken.

**Vinegar Bitters is a pure tonic, a nerve stimulant, a blood purifier, a stomachic, a liver tonic, a liver tonic without purgative, and above all a life-giving stimulant without alcohol.** The only medicine with such powers in the world.

**A GENUINE TEMPERANCE BEVERAGE,** far surpassing alcohol in any shape as a tonic and it might be called **LIQUID LIFE.** since it stimulates, invigorates, and regulates digestion, nutrition, secretion, excretion, respiration, and all the functions of the system. It is literally taken in **totality** in **spontaneous** action. It is not too much to assert that the equal of **Vinegar Bitters** does not exist, and no counterpart or compound with similar virtues has ever been known.

**CALIFORNIA**  
If remarkable for anything else, would be mentioned by the product of the medicinal fruits, roots and herbs of which this Bitters is composed. It is of them used by the Indians and the medical profession in the treatment of cholera and fever, rheumatism, catarrh, consumption, neuralgia, headache, liver complaint, kidney disease, jaundice, gout, piles, boils, skin diseases, &c. too numerous to mention, but easily understood when the action of the Bitters on the vital functions is remembered. The discovery was partly accidental but the present **PERFECT BITTERS IS THE RESULT OF SCIENCE.**

Millions of sufferers have gratefully and gladly endorsed, during the past quarter of a century the wonderful success of this **PHENOMENAL TONIC OF THE WORLD.** In order to meet every probable demand, we for this of the S. C. ingredients are now put up **THE OLD STYLE IS RONGER, SLIGHT BITTER, AND MORE CATHARTIC.** **THE NEW STYLE, PLEASANT TO THE TASTE, AND EXPRESSLY ADAPTED TO DELICATE WOMEN AND CHILDREN.**

**REMEMBER**  
There is no disease of low vitality, debility of functions, or nervous prostration for which **VINEGAR BITTERS IS NOT CURATIVE.** and its singular power of the lower organisms renders it the impalpable foe of **THE DEADLY MICROBE AND OMNIPRESENT BACTERIA** in malarial diseases, cholera, consumption, internal diseases, &c. Its great is its power as a **sterilizer** in that it is a **UNEQUALLED VERMIFUGE.**

A book could be written of its virtues, and another of testimonials, but it is only necessary to remember its general action upon the liver, blood, brain and nerves to realize its use in a majority of the ills that flesh is heir to, and that no family should ever be without a bottle of **OLD AND NEW STYLE VINEGAR BITTERS IN THE HOUSE.** Send for our Ladies' book. Address **R. H. McDONALD DRUG CO.,** New York.

**Railroad Time Tables.**

**THE SHORT LINE**  
—FROM—  
Detroit and Toledo to Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Louisville, and All Points South.

Leave Detroit, M.C.R.R.	9:05 am	9:20 pm	9:00 pm
10:15 am	4:00 pm	11:55 pm	
Arrive			
Lima	12:44 pm	6:25 pm	2:25 am
Dayton	3:50 pm	8:51 pm	5:04 am
Cincinnati	5:50 pm	11:00 pm	7:05 am
Indianapolis	8:30 pm	1:10 am	9:20 am

Through parlor cars on day trains and Pullman palace-cars on night trains between Detroit and Cincinnati.  
\*Daily, \*Daily, except Sunday.  
M. D. WOLFORD, E. O. McCORMICK, Gen'l Manager, (and) Pass. Agt.  
H. J. RHEIN, Nor. Pass. Agent, Detroit, Mich.

**WABASH RAILROAD.**  
Depot foot of Twelfth street. Standard time.

Leave	Arrive
Lafayette, Kansas City and	
Western Flyer	8:25 am
St. Louis Express	11:55 pm
St. Louis and Ind. Express	2:15 pm
Chicago Express	11:30 pm
Adrian Accommodation	11:40 pm
Chicago Express	11:50 pm
Ind. Louisville & St. Louis Express	11:50 pm
Chicago Express	11:50 pm

\*Daily, \*Daily, except Sunday. \*Except Saturday. City ticket office, 167 Jefferson avenue. A. F. WOLFF-SCHLAGER, City Ticket Agent. R. G. BUTLER, Div. Freight and Passenger Agent.

**GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.**  
Depot foot of Brush street. Central Standard Time. Oct. 7th, 1890.

Leave	Arrive
6:00 a. m.	Toronto, Montreal and East
10:30 a. m.	Port Huron Express
4:30 p. m.	Port Huron Express
10:00 p. m.	Toronto and Montreal Express

**DETROIT, GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.**  
Depot foot of Brush street. Time run by Central Standard Time. October 7th, 1890.

Leave	Arrive
6:00 a. m.	Toronto, Montreal and East
10:30 a. m.	Port Huron Express
4:30 p. m.	Port Huron Express
10:00 p. m.	Toronto and Montreal Express

\*Night Express has sleeper 10:30 p. m. 7:25 a. m. \*Daily, Sundays excepted. Daily Morning Mail has elegant through coach Detroit to Muskegon via Owosso and T. S. & M. by Grand Rapids Express and Morning Express have parlor car to Grand Rapids. Chicago Express has elegant Pullman sleeping and Buffet cars to Chicago daily. Night Express has sleeper to Grand Rapids daily. Sleeping car berths can be secured at general ticket office, 167 Jefferson avenue, cor. of Woodward, and at the depot foot of Brush street. E. J. PIERCE, W. J. SPICER, City Ticket Agent, General Manager.

Subscribers who change their place of residence should at once notify **THE PLAINDEALER** Company so as to insure the prompt delivery of their paper. Always give the old as well as the new address.



News From The University City.

AN ARBOR, April 14, 1889.—Mrs John Freeman has returned home after a lengthy visit in the country looking much improved in health. Mr. John Freeman has concluded to build several cottages this summer to rent, a much needed arrangement for several small families. May his work be crowned with success in the midst of his many friends.—The King's Daughters are increasing in number, and their entertainments are worthy the name.—The Easter services was a very interesting affair, and the Sabbath school exercises were a grand success both in progress and financially. Flowers and birds held a prominent place in the way of decorations.—Wednesday, April 23rd, the Good Samaritans will give a fish chowder supper at their Hall on Ann street; admittance 10c., including supper.—Easter Sunday a young man took up his abode at the residence of Mr. John Brown and he tips the beam at ten and a half pound, and from his looks he has come to stay. Brother Brown, please except our congratulations. Mrs. Esther Washington has removed from south Second street to north Fourth and Pontiac street.—Miss Carrie Freeman is expected home soon from her extended visit in Minnesota.—The Second Baptist church is doing well. It is increasing in membership as well as financially.—The Rev. McSmith delivered a very able address to the Sunday school Easter Sunday. Also Mr. Clark addressed the school, her subject was Christian purity, and was listened to with marked attention especially by the old people.—Wednesday April 2nd, born to Mr. and Mrs. Charles West a daughter preceding Mr. John Brown Jr., 4 days. Look out Mr. Brown Miss West may be your boss in a few years and will draw the halter around your neck so tight that you will think it was she that tipped the beam at ten and a half. Mrs. West and daughter are doing well. What is the matter with the cigars Charles?—Masonic business called the Rev. McSmith and Mr. Blackburn to Ypsilanti last Tuesday evening.—At the last examination nearly all the Afro-American students passed, both in laws and medicals.—Mrs. Emily Jones has returned home from Oberlin, Ohio, where she was called to the sick bed of her daughter Miss Fredrica Jones who was very ill of pneumonia but as some better when Mrs. Jones left her. Mrs. Jones was taken very sick there herself and was obliged to return home. Miss Fredrica is attended now by her sister Miss Dr. Sophia Jones.—Mr. Johnnie Johnson formerly of Detroit, but now of Ypsilanti, made Ann Arbor a visit last Wednesday and took dinner with Eder McSmith at Mrs. J. White's one of Mr. Johnson's old friends and he enjoyed the visit very much as he has not been to Ann Arbor before for 20 years. Come again friend Johnson we would like to meet you.—Mr. Andrew Johnson was in the city Sunday, he is running porter on the Toledo A. & N. R. R.—Rev. McSmith's Third quarterly meeting will be held on April the 27th; we expect to have Eder Brown, of Ypsilanti, to assist him, and are getting ready to give him a cordial welcome.

The Close of the Lenten Season.

KALAMAZOO, April 7.—In our churches yesterday the close of the Lenten season was appropriately recognized either in the afternoon or in the evening services. Very fine musical programs had been arranged for both churches. The collection at the A. M. E. church for missionary work was \$10.30.—The ladies of the Second Baptist church have been working hard to make their bazaar a success. They have many nice things prepared, which they hope to dispose of this evening.—After a long illness, Mr. John Judson, an old citizen, passed quietly away and was buried from the A. M. E. church last Friday.—Mr. Edward Robins and Miss Adelle Thurman were married on the 24th ult., and will be at home on South Burdick street, to their many friends.—Mr. Edward McKay and Miss Carrie Manning were married last Wednesday evening. They will reside for the present on Kalamazoo avenue.—Mr. Harry Phillips left last night for Chicago.—Miss Cynthia Butler left Saturday for a visit with friends in Portage Center.—Mr. A. Wilson is home visiting his father, Mr. John Wilson who has been in poor health for some time.—Miss Nora Stafford is visiting in Chicago.—Miss Luella Peak has returned to her home in Lansing.—Mrs. Harvey Peak is visiting in Niles.—Mrs. Sylvester Leisons, Miss Lizzie Anderson and Mr. Alf Bennett are on the sick list. Mr. Harry Parks and aunt, Miss Kittie Parks, have returned from Indianapolis, after the interring of their father and brother. They have the sympathy of a large circle of friends.—Mr. and Mrs. Austin Wildman have accepted a position with the Kalamazoo club, and will move in their new quarters at the club house this week.—Miss Mary Hubbard is able to be out again, after a very severe attack of la grippe. NOVICE.

Wedding Invitations.

NEWARK Ohio, April 15.—Rev. C. Asbury of Washington, Pa., delivered a very eloquent sermon at the A. M. E. church Sunday evening, which was highly appreciated by the congregation.—Miss Ida Ransom of Granville, was the guest of her sister, Mrs. Grant Beasley, Saturday and Sunday.—The entertainment that was to be given April 17, is postponed until the 23rd.—Edna, the youngest daughter of Mrs. E. Smith, is sick at her home in East Newark.—Rev. Henderson spent last week with his wife who is sick in Springfield, O.—Sister Husk who has been visiting Miss Annie Smith of Elm street, has returned to her home in Mt. Vernon, O.—Mrs. Ella Gray visited Mrs. Jennie Tibbs of Zanesville, Ohio.—Edwards of West Wilson street is recovering.—Mr. Max McArnold spent Sunday in Zanesville.—Mrs. Sexton is recovering.—The invitations for the marriage of Miss Maude Tibbs of Zanesville, have been received in our city. D. U.

The coming banquet, reception and dancing party to be given by the Myrskid Club, promises to be a social event of great prominence. The invitations which are very beautiful and contain the menu, list of toasts, dancing program and names of officers, members and honorary members, are now being circulated.

Grand Rally Day.

FT. WAYNE, APRIL 7.—Next Sunday is grand rally day for the A. M. E. Church in Ft. Wayne, Rev. Graham of Kalamazoo Mich., will be present to assist elder C. J. Hill in the great effort to raise money for the indebtedness on the church and it is expected that every one will do their duty in paying the church debt on that day. Mr. Melvil Branigan of Paulding, Ohio, has moved to our city.—Mr. Albert Krenedy of Decatur, Ill., is with us again at his old place at the Wayne Hotel.—Mr. Lewis Wilson and Mr. James Hackney have taken charge of a dining bar on the Lake Shore running from Toledo O., to Elkhart Ind.—Mr. Albert Bass' pension has been raised from \$4 to \$10 per month with average amounting to \$3 72. We congratulate him in his success. Mr. Bass has been very sick with lung fever but is better now.—Miss Eliza Saunders went to Van Wert, O., to visit her parents.—Miss Amanda Jones left for Leansport last Friday.—Mr. James Silegas has returned from Kokomo, Ind., where he has been cooking all winter.—Mr. A. J. Ineson of Van Wert O., was in the city last week.—Rev. Graham of Kalamazoo Mich., will lecture at the A. M. E. Church in this city next Monday night.—The fine weather yesterday was hailed with delight by every one.—There was a large attendance at Church and Sabbath School. The Easter program was carried out by the Supt. J. H. Roberts, approved by all.—Collect on was good, the church was beautifully decorated with flowers and birds by the ladies and the day was enjoyed by all present. J. H. R.

The Detroit, Grand Haven and Milwaukee railroad company in order to give its patrons an opportunity to visit the fair exhibition which is held in this city at the Detroit Rink next week, will give two cheap excursions from Grand Rapids, Tuesday April 23rd, and Wednesday April 24th, for \$2.50 round trip. The train will stop at all stations on the line between Grand Rapids and Detroit, thus extending this special offer to all the cities and towns along the route at greatly reduced prices. The reduction is made according to the distance until from Royal Oak, the nearest station, the fare for the round trip is but fifty cents. The special excursion trains will leave Grand Rapids at 6 a. m., Tuesday and Wednesday and tickets are valid only on those trains and date of issue only and must be purchased at stations, as full fare will be charged on trains.

Mr. "Sammie" Evans who has been absent from the city for some time, spent Tuesday and Wednesday here among his friends and relatives. Mrs. Finney entertained a number of his club friends in his honor at her home on Wednesday evening.

Mrs. Stanley Brown (formerly Miss Mollie Garfield), who lives quietly in Washington with her husband, is said to visit only at Secretary Windom's house.

Two deeds in the handwriting of John Winthrop, jr., and signed by him, June 28, 1838, have been presented to the Essex institute, of Salem, Mass., by R. G. Winthrop, jr.

An effort is being made to bring cameos into fashion. The other evening Mme. Carnot wore a bandeau of cameos in her hair, the front of her bodice being also decorated with them.

During the last seven years the land under tillage in Victoria, Australia, has increased by 1,000,000 acres, and the ratable value of country lands increased from \$35,000,000 to \$55,000,000 sterling.

Martin Van Buren was once reproving his clever but erratic son John for some extravagance or other when his young scapegrace assumed an air of great dignity and said: "Father, the time will come when you will be remembered only as the father of John Van Buren." That time has not and never will arrive, for John Van Buren, with all his wit, did nothing while his father with it became President of the United States.

English churchmen are delighted over a just told story that illustrates, they think, the goodness of the late Bishop Lightfoot. It is that in early life he fell in love with a woman who rejected him and married another clergyman. After Dr. Lightfoot became bishop he found his old sweetheart and her husband struggling along in a poor living in his diocese, whereupon he took every occasion to advance his rival until the latter and his family were in very comfortable circumstances.

A case in some respects similar to that of the famous man who jumped into a bramble bush is reported from Kenosha, Wis. Mrs. A. F. Wood, a lady who had been lame for several years, went to the barn lot to gather some eggs, and in sliding down upon the hay, with her lame leg, hearing something crack, she felt she had broken some bone. She called to her husband for help, and when he came and helped her up she found that she could walk better than before. The ligaments which had adhered to each other by non use were broken apart, improving her lameness.

The reported betrothal of Princess Victoria of Germany, to Prince Albert of Saxe Altenburg is denied.

A Tex doc or is great on wens. He is one of the know-wen-est doctors in the state.

Ice-land fishermen now carry oil regularly as a means of smoothing the waves.

"Arkansas," the alligator slayer of East Orange Fla., recently killed one of the "varmints" that had three of its legs bitten off.

A Chicago woman wants a divorce from her husband because he was so excessively round shouldered.

Stanley says that Emin Pasha probably cannot get used to the ways of civilization.

Consumption Cured. An old physician retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East and missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all Throat and Lung Affections, also a simple and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested his wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellow-men. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge to all who desire it, full directions for preparing and using. Write by mail by addressing with stamp naming this paper, W. A. Norman, 149 Power's Block, Rochester, N. Y.

LADIES! READ THIS!

Read What Wonderful Cures Stokette's Neuralgia Drops is Doing!

It is the Cheapest Remedy Known—It is the Ladies' Friend—A Perfect Pain Killer

MORE TESTIMONIALS.

MIDDLEVILLE, Mich. Mr. G. G. STEKETEE, Professor of Stokette's Neuralgia Drops: My wife was afflicted with inflammation and Neuralgia of the Womb for some time. Doctors could not help her, but half a dozen doses of your Stokette's Neuralgia Drops cured her. Very truly yours,

WILLIS J. MILLS

PLEASANTVILLE, IOWA. Mr. STEKETEE—Sir: After having for fourteen months and doctoring with seven different physicians without any benefit to me, I was induced to use Stokette's Neuralgia Drops. The use of your medicine was the only relief I got. I am able to do all my work. I can cheerfully recommend its use. MRS. VES A. PREWETT.

For sale by all druggists. Sent by mail to any address at 50 cents a bottle. U. S. Package. Ad dress: GEO. G. STEKETEE, Grand Rapids Mich.

For sale in Detroit by Fred D. Stevens & Co., 133 Woodward avenue.

Cheyenne, Wyoming.

In the Congressional report upon the admission of Wyoming, many facts were given going to show her richer in resources than any of her sisters, and no territory ever applied for statehood so thoroughly qualified. The report shows the capital, CHEYENNE, to be one of the wealthiest cities of her size in the world, as she is the most favored and prosperous. The Union Pacific railway is now constructing shops there, to cost \$6,000,000 and to employ 10,000 men. This fact, coupled with the early admission of the state, is causing a rush to CHEYENNE, but her reality is still low. We have the best residence property in the city and offer liberal inducements to those who will build dwellings to supply the immediate demand, and which will net 25 per cent. To induce a quick response, we will, on a limited number of blocks, take two-fifths in clear lands or orchards, a small cash payment, and the balance in one two and three year terms. Call at our office, or direct Interior Land and Immigration Company, Department of Denver, Colo.

A soft winter turneth away the lozoggan slide. Entirely Helpless to Health. The above statement made by Mrs. S. H. Ford, wife of Gen. Ford, can be vouched for by nearly the entire population of Cornucopia, Mich., her home for years. She was for two years a terrible sufferer from rheumatism, being confined to her bed most of the time, her feet and limbs being so badly swollen she could scarcely move. She was induced to try a bottle of Hibbard's Rheumatic Syrup. It helped her, and two additional bottles entirely cured her. To day she is a well woman. First ask your druggist, should he not keep it we will send on receipt of price. \$1.00 per bottle or six for \$5.00. RHEUMATIC SYRUP CO., Jackson, Mich.

A French company is pushing a scheme for piercing the Faucilles by a tunnel. The total population of Greenland at the end of 1888 was 10,291. Mrs. Hurst was an accomplished linguist, and was of great assistance to her husband, Bishop Hurst, in his education and church work.

GOLDEN RULE CAPSULES Are conceded to be the most wonderful discovery known to medical science for all diseases of the

BLOOD!

It matters not of what nature or by what caused. Indigestion, Constipation, Headache, Nervousness, Irritability, and all Stomach, Bowel, Liver and Kidney troubles positively cannot exist, where these CAPSULES are used. They are safe and reliable, and curing, soon curing, and guaranteed to be without an equal. One treatment lasts 30 days if necessary. Sent by mail with full directions on receipt of price \$1.00. Address GOLDEN RULE MEDICINE CO., 7 & 8 Bank-Commerce Bldg., INDIANAPOLIS, IND.



W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE AND \$2 SHOE. Sole Agent for Ladies' \$2.00 and \$1.75 for Misses. \$5.00 \$4.00 \$3.50 \$2.50 for Gentlemen.

A Grand Opportunity!

ONLY \$1.50 For the Peerless Atlas of the World and The Chicago Weekly Times One Year.

As a concise and intelligent epitome of the world's Peerless Atlas is Equal to any \$10.00 Atlas.

It has handsomely colored Country Maps of all the States and Territories, with a number of double-page maps to represent the most important states. All countries on the face of the earth are shown, and all the large cities, the world's important towns and most of the villages of the United States are given; also the latest railroad maps.

The great mass of information contained in the Descriptive and Historical pages of the Peerless Atlas constitutes a whole library in itself.

Size—Open, 14 by 22 inches; closed, 14 by 11 inches. WITH SUBSTANTIAL paper binding.

The Weekly Times

Contains the best and most complete details of each day's history of the world, and is devoted to the interests of Democracy and of the great Northwest. THE TIMES also \$1.00 a year, postage prepaid.

Address: THE CHICAGO TIMES CO., Chicago, Ill.

DRESS GOODS THE FAIR HOSIERY 44 To 48 MICHIGAN AVE. SPRING MILLINERY.

Largest and handsomest stock in the city, and yet only about half the price of any Millinery House.

Exquisite wreaths, clusters of roses, corsage bouquets, for which others ask 50c, at only 19c. Hats and bonnets of all the latest shapes, and fine quality braid only 23c. Daisies in every imaginable color, a large bunch 10c. Trimmed hats and bonnets choice of 100 styles and kinds trimmed in beautiful taste, worth \$4 to \$5, at \$2.63. Ribbons of every color and make at half value. Feathers, Silks, Ornaments, Flowers, etc. at lowest prices.

Mourning Hats and Bonnets a specialty. Hats trimmed free of charge.

GLOVES FREUND BROTHERS JERSEY JACKET.

THE DIME SAVINGS BANK

Open Every Evening. Pays 4 per cent. on all Savings Deposits. Money deposited before the 5th will draw interest from 1st of month.

Peninsular Savings Bank.

94 Griswold Street. Capital, \$250,000. Four per cent Interest paid on Savings Deposits. Accounts solicited and every accommodation extended consistent with safe banking. JOSEPH B. MOORE, Cashier.

G. E. LAWSON, Cashier. R. W. SWYLIK, Auditor. J. T. KEENA, Attorney. M. W. O'BRIEN, President. ANTON PULS, Vice President. F. A. SHELTER, 2d Vice President.

The People's Savings Bank.

Capital \$500,000. Surplus, \$100,000. SHIRTS, 10c. COLLARS, 2c. CUFFS, 4c. These are the prices charged by The Michigan Steam Laundry, 104 Randolph St., (Between Congress and Larned streets.) For the best work in the City. Curtains Ladies' wear, and everything done in the best manner and style. LOUIS LANG, Proprietor.

DR. SELLERS' NEVER FAILS COUGH SYRUP. SOLD BY DRUGGIST. ARMITAGE & MOYLAN PRACTICAL HORSE SHOEERS, Finest Horse Shoeing Shop in Detroit. Forging and Interfering a Specialty. All diseases of the feet treated successfully. H called for and returned without extra charge. No. 85 & 87 Larned St., East, Bet. Randolph & Brush Sts. Telephone No. 1952.

State Savings Bank 91 Griswold St., Detroit. 4 PER CENT Interest paid on Savings Deposits. MONEY TO LOAN On Mortgages on City Real Estate. JOHN BREITMEYER & SONS, Florists & Rose Growers. Popular Flowers in their Season. Choice Collection of Tropical Plants on Exhibition. Cor. Gratiot and Miami Avenues DETROIT, MICH.

GRAND STEAM LAUNDRY, 196 RANDOLPH STREET. White's Opera House Block. Lace Curtains & Prompt Work a Specialty. Goods called for & delivered TELEPHONE 448.



# The Detroit Plaindealer.

Published Weekly Friday

TERMS—PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.

By mail or carrier, per annum, \$1.50  
Six months, .75  
Three months, .40

(Entered at the Post Office at Detroit, Mich., as second-class matter.)  
THE PLAINDEALER COMPANY, Publishers Tribune Building Howland St.

Address all communications to THE PLAINDEALER Co., Box 92, Detroit, Mich.

DETROIT FRIDAY, APRIL 18, '90.

IF THE people of Michigan want their State convention to be a success, they must bestir themselves.

THE Freeman of Indianapolis still shows signs of improvement, and as an illustrated newspaper is in the advance of all its competitors. THE PLAINDEALER tenders its congratulations, and hopes that Mr. COOPER is meeting with that success which such a venture deserves.

NOTWITHSTANDING the lowering features of the race question at the South, and the hostility of trades unions at the North, the Afro-American is touching elbows with the Anglo-Saxon in all the higher avenues of life, and the touch is having its effect because all admit the favorable impressions individuals are making.

A WAY has been opened for the most cold blooded, heinous crimes the century has ever known. When one man has a grudge against his neighbor, all he needs to do is to secretly nurse his vengeance, act peculiarly, if need be have a fit or two, and commit the deed with safety. At the trial his friends will testify to his late acts and the jury believe him insane. What horrible crimes in the future, will be done under the name of insanity, no one can tell.

WE have constantly protested against hasty or illadvised moves of any considerable body of Afro-Americans in the South. At the same time we have been cognizant of the fact that many individuals and communities labor under hardships and disadvantages. The wise men of the race can teach no better motto at present than "be sure you are right then go ahead." Large numbers of emigrants went into the fertile Mississippi during the past year. At best they jumped from the frying pan into the fire; the floods since with the devastation and want they spread, have made these people needy indeed. All can see now that the emigration was a disastrous move, another reason for a national organization with wise and conscientious leaders.

WE DO not know that Mr. RUSSELL HARRISON has parted with Mr. ARKELL in publishing Judge an illustrated paper. But last week its central cartoon hit the administration a deserved dab. The picture represents Uncle Sam buried in sand and mud to his neck. Among the prominent knolls that surround and bury him are "Tariff" and "Capital and Labor," but the highest is the "Negro Problem." Around him stand our prominent Republican legislators, idly discussing, while their spades have been dropped. The sentiment under it is to the effect: "Go to work, the people who elected you expect more than wind. You have the executive chair and both branches of Congress." If Mr. HARRISON, jr., fathered this sentiment, he has given his papa a pointer he could well heed.

THE Boston Globe advises the agitators of the North political and otherwise who are cudgeling the South for its inhuman treatment of the Afro-American, to first set a good example by their own acts. Give the thousands of thoroughly competent Afro-Americans, North, who are now occupying menial positions, a chance to show their capacity. Open remunerative employment to them that they may accumulate and become factors in the commercial world. After you have done these things turn your attention to the South and conscientiously advise them to "go and do likewise."

WE need just such a crusade in the North against old customs born of prejudice that confines the sphere of the Afro-American, no matter how capable to two or three menial positions. Few of those so profuse in advice and professions of interest care to make an innovation of this kind.

FROM Calhoun county there comes a strange objection against the Afro-American League, which seems to be the quintessence of absurdity. The objection is as follows: The Afro-American League convention endorsed the Fair bill. A man in Tennessee was fined for working on Sunday. Hence the opposition to the League.

TO THE PLAINDEALER it seems that such argument could be used only by persons who are not well informed or by those who seek to impose upon the credulous.

THERE is no connection, between the League and the Black educational bill, on one hand, and the man who was fined for Sunday working, on the other. They are

as far apart as two extremes can possibly be.

So far as the Blair educational bill is concerned, that bill has recently been defeated. At the time of the convention it was the one most prominent before the country that contained in it the principle of national aid to education, and the one that seemed most likely to become a law. To that principle the League is committed. But what that has to do with a man who was fined for working on Sunday is something beyond our power to fathom. Calhoun county can probably inform us.

PRACTICES that are condemned in the South by Congressman in Washington, exist in the very shadow of the Capitol, and have remained unnoticed. Senator EDMUNDS has introduced a bill in the Senate calculated to be more effective than any repressive measure. There are institutions in Washington to which Afro-Americans are not admitted; this has always been true, and the practice of excluding has abated but little. For this purpose Howard University was established teaching all the professions, to accommodate the educational trend of the many who must perforce attend it. This school is open to all, and many of its departments are so proficient that white students, as well as Afro-Americans attend it. Senator EDMUNDS' bill was inspired by the fact of an Afro-American student being refused admittance in a law school in the District of Columbia. It is designed to place the law department of Howard University on a par with any law school in the district. The bill provides that the librarians of Congress of the Senate of the House, and of the department of justice, respectively shall deliver extra copies of law books to the law department of Howard University. The Senator said that he had heard with astonishment that a law school in the district of Columbia connected with the college that existed under the authority of the United States, deliberately and on consideration refused to allow a person of some African blood, and in every respect a gentleman of extraordinary ability, to attend law lectures on account of his having African blood in his veins.

THE general complaint of those upon whom the condition of their people hangs quite heavily is that we cannot hang together, and in consequence, as BENJAMIN FRANKLIN once said many of us hang separately in the South. The reason we feel so bad is because we expect too much. It will take years yet for the effects of slavery to wear away. Beside there is an element in man, noticeable since Adam, that nothing has been able to eradicate, and that is his selfish ambitions that picture things in peculiar ways. Some agency or principle must be introduced into man that will temper his passions and ambitions that color and give form to everything they have to contemplate. Although Christianity has softened men's natures it has curbed few ambitions. The devout man is just as persistent in his way, though in error, as the sinner, his own selfish ideas enlarge his fancied wrongs as effectually, and his contention, no matter how hurtful, is just as tenacious. A majority of our church organizations, North and South, are divided to-day on one of the first principles that should govern the relations of man to man. It cannot be expected that the individual Afro-American can easily cast aside his personal ambitions for the race's good. He has so warred his views that his own aggrandizement seems in line with his duty to his race, his community and oft times his God.

THE Afro-American is no longer the lone victim of the adaptability of our common law to suit the desires of wealth and power. We have often been constrained to protest earnestly at what seemed plainly the stretching of the law. Technicalities have been taken advantage of to defeat our dearest rights and the world has looked on taking little heed of the great wrong inflicted upon us, because, as a race we are weak, and because of our former despised condition.

A short time since, the Farmers Alliance of Minnesota met and denounced the decision of the Supreme Court, defeating cherished rights of farmers, on what they termed technical points. They not only denounced the decision, but recommended that all Alliances throughout the United States, would unite in urging an amendment to the Constitution, limiting the power of our supreme judges.

There may be many quibbles in the law that ordinary minds cannot comprehend, but a way-faring man, though he be a fool, knows justice. Not the Supreme court, nor any other court can stuff the American people with unjust decisions, no matter how elaborate and twisted the opinion. The Afro-American has suffered at the hands of such decisions more than the Farmers Alliance can ever know. An abridgement of the rights of the humblest of us unquestionably, gives license to just such decisions as have been lately rendered.

THE citizens of Arkansas are strenuous in opposing the appointment of a man for District Judge, who although a Republic-

can, is what is known in bourbon parlance as a "nigger hater." If in no other instance, President HARRISON should heed this protest. When a man becomes a candidate for a judicial appointment, his fitness is inquired into in every direction except that of human rights. His ability as a corporation lawyer, or pleader at the bar is told, but nothing is said of his study of human rights. Thus it becomes possible for such judges as EMORY SPEER to be republican appointees; men who decide that any measure oppressive to the Afro-American is constitutional, and any law looking toward equal rights and privileges unconstitutional.

## TO LEAGUE ADVOCATES

AND ALL WHO FAVOR A STRONG NATIONAL ORGANIZATION.

Afro-American Leaguers and Officers of the Michigan Protective League to Michigan Citizens.

To the Afro-Americans of Michigan:

We, the undersigned, delegates in the convention at Chicago, that formed the National Afro-American League, and members of the executive committee of the Michigan Protective League favoring the League idea, do hereby call upon all local and protective leagues, all clubs and societies of whatever nature who believe that the National League can be instrumental in elevating the masses, to send delegates to the convention which has been called for the people of Michigan to meet in the city of Detroit, May 13th, 1890, the principal object of which is to consider Michigan's affiliation in National organization.

While at the preliminary meeting in which this call was ordered, neither sufficient time, notice, nor consideration was given to the Afro-American League idea, while the call is not absolutely just to it, and while preparations were under way for a convention of League clubs and their sympathizers to form a State Afro-American League, before the Michigan Protective League call was issued, we are prompted to respond to this call by considerations of time and expense to the Afro-Americans of Michigan, and harmony if possible, so that the greatest good may result.

We feel that the Afro-American League has nothing to fear, despite the handicaps inflicted upon it, from an honest expression in a convention of the people. We believe that a State League will be the most efficient factor in removing the discriminations that circumscribe the sphere of our usefulness in the State of Michigan and we believe that Michigan can be particularly useful to the National League in helping to solve the problem of race.

Under the provisions of the said call, each county can send a delegate for each fifty of its Afro-American inhabitants, provided the number of such delegates does not exceed twenty five. Counties that have less than fifty, are entitled to one delegate. Organization by counties is urged. Let the advocates of the National League be active.

- Signed:
- Wm. H. ANDERSON, Vice-pres. National Afro-American League.
  - ALBERT W. HILL, Vice-pres. Mich. Protective League.
  - DANIEL COLE, Secretary Mich. Protective League.
  - ROBERT PELHAM, Jr.
  - G. O. CURTIS,
  - H. G. JACKSON,
  - WALTER H. STOWERS,
  - REV. D. A. GRAHAM,
  - J. D. UNDERWOOD,
  - FRANK EVANS,
  - F. B. PELHAM,
  - FRANK RANDALL.
- Detroit, March 13th, 1890.

An Excellent Run.  
ADRIAN, April 14.—Mr. Shuber Fields, after an illness of two weeks, quietly passed away at 8 a. m. Saturday. The funeral services were held at the First Baptist church Sunday at 4 o'clock p. m.—Mr. George Lewis who ran for Justice of the Peace, made a grand run. The Third and Fourth wards gave him a majority, but the First and Second wards defeated him by a small majority.—Mr. J. D. Underwood preached his trial sermon at the Second Baptist church to a large congregation, has thoroughly convinced his hearers that he was called to the ministry. We wish the young man success.—Mrs. Gough and two children left Saturday to visit friends in Hudson.—The Lenawee county Protective League held a convention Monday night to elect delegates to the State convention which will be held in Detroit May 13.

April 15.—Under the call of the Lenawee county Protective League, a goodly number were present at Dean's Opera House. After the transaction of the regular business, the election of delegates to the convention at Detroit May 13, resulted as follows: J. D. Underwood, D. B. Wilson, Rev. R. Gilford, W. L. Burton, Chas. Dean, Henry Pate, and Richard Brown of Hudson, delegate at large.

Gun Wn has cured Theo Gust who resides at 425 Antwerp-st. of rheumatism. He can cure any case of that kind.

Gun Wn has cured Mrs. Mary Huff of Windsor, of colic.

## FROM HIS OWN LIPS.

THE SAD STORY OF A VICTIM TO SOUTHERN PERSECUTION.

Old Fellows Response—The Boston Courant—Steps Out—Col. Hallowell Before the League—To Hear Rev. Brockett.

Boston, Mass., April 14, '90.

A sad story was told in the lodge room of the Boston Lodge G. U. O. of O. F., at its regular meeting held on the 2nd inst., by N. F. J. W. Floyd from Henderson, N. C. To read of the outrages practised upon Afro-Americans in some form in the South is an every day occurrence. This outrage we get from the lips of the victim. Mr. Floyd is to about 500,000 of us, a brother Old Fellow, hence his case (as perhaps with hundreds of others) appeals to us in the bonds of "Friendship, Love and Truth." Mr. Floyd, having a desire to come to Massachusetts with his family, for the purpose of educating his children, made that fact known, which greatly displeased the white citizens of the town and they therefore attempted to make it impossible for him to execute his desire. Mr. Floyd is a painter by trade. The Board of Trade had circulated over the town petitions signed by all the members of the board, asking all builders and business men not to employ Mr. Floyd. To say that this was not complied with would be an insult to the Board of Trade of Henderson, and a falsification of the prevailing sentiment of the whites towards the blacks in the entire South. From October last until he left, two weeks ago, Mr. Floyd was able to get but three days work. The Boston lodges of the G. U. O. of O. F. and the Afro-American League of Cambridge responded to the appeals of Mr. Floyd. His family, consisting of himself, wife and three children is expected to reach Boston the latter part of the present month.

"The Boston Courant" made its appearance for the first time on Saturday last. It is edited by Mr. J. Gordon Street. Mr. Street's experience for the past 10 years with the leading colored journals of the country as their agent in this city, and being at present a reporter on the staff of the Boston Herald, should be sufficient to give him the necessary experience to make the Courant a success and certainly the citizens of Boston wish Mr. Street nothing less.

Mr. Poland Worthington who has been the owner and editor of the Boston Daily Traveller for the past 45 years, will, after the 26th inst., step out of the field of journalism and yield up a creation of a life time to younger men. Negotiation was made by a syndicate of gentlemen whose names are not yet made public. The paper will be continued as a vigorous Republican newspaper.

It is said that Barnum & Bailey's menagerie will soon be located in Oakland Garden, where they have secured a ten years' lease for their winter quarters.

The vacant lot, corner of Berkeley street and Columbus avenue, has been sold to be Yonks' Companion Company for \$500,000 upon which it is said they will erect a \$250,000 building for their occupancy.

Col. N. P. Hallowell, the gallant commander of the 56th Massachusetts colored regiment, will address the members and friends of the Afro-American League, upon the subject the "Colored Soldiers in the War of the Rebellion," at their next meeting which will occur in the Peoples Tabernacle, 332 and 234 Main street, opposite Portland street, Cambridgeport, on Thursday evening, April 24, Lieut. Chas. L. Mitchell, Supt. William H. Dupree of the Sub P. O. Station A, Boston will be present. The public are invited.

The Chelsea branch of the National Afro-American League that was formed some few weeks since, is making quite a showing, from the representation that was out on the evening of the 7th inst. to hear the address delivered by the Rev. J. A. Brockett, president of the Cambridge League it seems that the leading citizens of Chelsea mean to support such an organization. This League meets every Monday evening in Liberty Hall, off Congress avenue, Chelsea, the public are invited to all of their meetings.

Rev. J. A. Brockett will address the members and friends of the Afro-American League Lynn, on Monday evening, April 21. P. L. W.

The League Booming.

HARTMAN, April 7.—The league at Berrien county is getting along finely, and we are to have another meeting on the 11th at St. Joe, Mich.—Miss Mattie Norman, of Millbrook, Mich. is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Wm. Cook, of Hartman.—Fred Stevens has returned from the lumber district in northern Mich., and will reside with Henry Buston.—Mr. H. Holiday and wife have moved to Benton Harbor.—Mrs. J. Mason is in Dowagiac waiting on her daughter Mrs. Farrow who has been sick for two weeks.—Chas. Wilson has returned from Summerville where he has been visiting friends.—Miss Minnie Hughes passed through here enroute for Reamus where she will join her husband J. F. Wilson has returned home from a week's stay in Niles and South Bend, Ind.—The Republicans of our town gained all of the officers but three.—Mr. I. A. Reed and Miss Mattie Lett were joined in wed-lock by the Rev. Henry Buston at 7 o'clock, p. m. We wish them a long and happy life. They will go to their home at once in Berrien Center, Mich. Mr. Reed is a fine young man and respected by all who know him. J. F. W.

Joseph Wood of New York, has been sentenced to die by electricity. Wood was convicted of murder in the first degree for killing Charles Ruffin. The execution is to be held in the week commencing May 13, 1890.

Record Breakers are the great Cigar everybody likes.

## A VARIETY OF THINGS.

Miss Campbell the daughter of O. H. Campbell of the Continental Hotel of Crestline, Ohio, has married an Afro-American waiter in her father's hotel. She is described as fully accomplished and a leader of society in Crestline. The happy couple will hereafter reside in Cleveland. This disposition of educated white girls to link their fortunes with Afro-American men seems a refutation of some of Senator Ingalls' views on the "color question."

At the last day's session of the New York Conference of the Methodist Episcopal church the members were exhorted to be more liberal in their collections to the Freedmen's Aid Society by Secretary Chadwick and Bishop Goodsell then presented the following, which was passed and ordered sent to Senator Everts, of Washington:

Resolved, That we call upon Congress as a matter of simple justice to the colored race, to all the people of the Northern States, and to the good name and highest interest of the Republic, to make promptly such measures as their constitutional powers shall permit, and as their wisdom may suggest, to continue to all such States as may accept the same, the national aid to which the Northern and Western States have been so largely indebted during the past century, in the founding and maintenance of public schools, and in enlightening and stimulating the educational spirits of the States.

It was Miss Grace H. Dodge who first realized that all work and no play was making the lot of the working girl doubly hard and prosaic, and who was instrumental in founding clubs and societies where they find recreation, happiness and knowledge. There are now organizations in almost every large city and in the factory towns of New England. Tuesday the first convention of the associations was opened in New York. In the city of New York alone there are seventy-one working girls' societies and delegates are present from all over the country. A description of the New York clubs would show how they are worked. They have evening classes in branches ranging from a sewing and cooking to literature, accomplishments and languages, some have libraries, gymnasiums and parlors; women physicians to counsel them on health topics, and two "holiday houses" on Long Island for summer vacations. Once a week, Miss Dodge meets with them and gives them practical talks which help the girls to make the most of themselves. These girls are leaving behind them that phase of feminine history in which women were proud of being helpless in body and mind, and the succeeding rage to which they accepted such feebleness as inevitable, and are learning that it is possible to make their lives as worthy and as noble as that of any man. Their conviction will, no doubt, demonstrate that the finest product of our twentieth century evolution is the wide-awake, earnest, intelligent working girl.

The dispatches tell of an Afro-American woman in New Jersey turning white, as a result of having been struck with lightning; otherwise she was uninjured. We fear this news will have a serious effect on many of the would-be's who have used every art known or mooted, to be white. It would not be surprising to see some of them going around with lightning rods and equipment, hoping the electric fluid with its blinding quantities might be attracted thereby. It may be a dangerous operation, but there is no telling how much some people would risk to be rid of a color that brings with it so much proscription. Should the lightning rod route be chosen as a way to blot hood, another drawback is that it will be hard to tell the difference between a man who wants to be white and the man who wants to attract political nomination, and since a fellow feeling makes us wondrous kind, they will probably flock together.

The Century Club of Philadelphia owns its own building, edits a paper, has classes where cooking, music and sewing are taught; has a gymnasium, drawing room, bath rooms, restaurant and better than all is an liberal in sentiment that members of all colors, creeds and nationalities who are of good character and self supporting are eligible to its advantages. It is said to be the largest woman's club in the country, and certainly deserves to be the most prosperous.

### ABOUT PERSONS AND THINGS.

The Afro-American miners at Caperton, West Virginia, varied the monotony of their life by having a riot among themselves on the first of April. Howard Ernest was killed and William Derico was fatally wounded.

A recent edition of the Chicago News contained a cut and sketch of Miss Zoe Ball who for a short time lived in Detroit. Miss Ball is described as an accomplished beauty, a fine conversationalist and a cultivated musician.

Mr. George W. Lewis who was mentioned last week as running for Justice of the Peace in Adrian, went down with the rest of the Republicans, the entire ticket being defeated. But he has this salve to his broken hopes that he ran ahead of his ticket, receiving 268 more votes than the head of the ticket.

Catalogue of the Detroit Floral and Musical Charity Festival.

All who attended the successful Floral Exhibition given under the management of the Detroit Journal for the several charitable institutions last year, will receive the announcement of another and more elaborate exhibition this year, with pleasure. The catalogues which are now published, are excellent heralds of this rare entertainment which opens Tuesday, April 22 and will continue through the evening of the 25, they comprise a short history of the different charities, illustrations of the booths by which they are represented and a list of the names of the different committees and their assistants, and diagrams of the Armory and risk where the exhibition will be held, showing positions of booths, rules and regulations for florists, the premium list, microscopical subjects, and the musical program for each day. Besides being almost indispensable to a successful visit to the exhibition, the workmanship and arrangement of the catalogue are so excellent that they will be eagerly sought for as souvenirs of what promises to be a most creditable evidence of the enterprise, zeal and charity of Detroit's citizens.



## CITY DEPARTMENT.

### NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Subscribers not receiving THE PLAINDALER regularly should notify us at once. We desire every copy delivered promptly.

THE PLAINDALER always for sale at the following places:

Aaron Lapp, 495 Hastings street.  
John Williams, 81 Croghan street.  
Smith and Thomas, 42 Croghan street.  
Little-Herrmann, 241 Croghan street.  
J. L. Smith, 417 Hastings street.  
Jones and Brewer, 387 Antoine street.  
Wm. Burnett, 29 Monroe avenue.

### ADVERTISING RATES.

Local notices of all descriptions one cent per word for the first insertion, and half a cent per word for each subsequent insertion. No notice taken for less than twenty-five cents.  
Wedding presents, etc., two cents each description.  
This-day advertisements 50 cents per inch for one insertion. Special terms for contract advertising.  
All advertisements and subscriptions are payable in advance.

### To Subscribers.

A number of our city patrons are in arrears for their subscriptions and our collectors, Messrs. William Smith and William Webb, will call on them a few days. Please pay up promptly and greatly oblige THE PLAINDALER COMPANY.

### MERE MENTION.

Mr. Wm. Langston spent Sunday in Cleveland.

Have you tried a Ben Hur Cigar? 10c, or 3 for 25c.

Mrs. Bennett is quite sick at her home on Watson street.

Parade Opening Days. C. Lingemann & Co's, 26 Monroe ave.

Mrs. J. H. Green, of Grove street, is seriously ill with rheumatism.

Rev. E. H. Jeffrey, of Kalamazoo, was in the city for a short time this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Smith of Calhoun street are happy over a little daughter.

Miss Laura Howard, grand-daughter of Mrs. Jane Gregory died at Ypsilanti last week.

Mr. Alex Howard and Miss Elsie Roy were united in marriage last Thursday evening.

The new main room of the Second Baptist church will be dedicated the second Sunday in May.

Communion services next Sunday at Bethel church, and Sunday School will open at 2 o'clock in consequence.

Mrs. N. H. Smith is suffering from injuries received by being knocked down by a horse, while crossing Market Square last week.

Mr. Sylvester Smith left for Lansing Wednesday morning to assist Mrs. Magie Porter Cole in concerts at Lansing, Leslie and Jackson during the week.

Mr. Albert Brewer was agreeably surprised Monday, it being the seventeenth anniversary of his birth, by a large number of the S. S. C.

A grand social will be given by Lodge No. 28, the G. S. and D. S. at their hall, Hilsendegen Block, Thursday evening, April 21th, Admission 10c. Committee, Mrs. M. Champ Adv.

Mrs. Walter Boyer gave a little party Tuesday, April 1, to her daughter Lizzie, in honor of her seventh birthday. Ten children were invited and spent a very happy time. Lizzie Boyer received some pretty gifts.

Two Afro-American policemen have been placed on the list of eligibles and will probably soon be on duty. Three were examined and one called but was out of the city. The two appointed are William Smith and Joseph Sowers.

We would advise the readers of this paper to allow the 30th of this month to pass without availing themselves of Dr. Bayan's offer of two dollar packages of "Baccata" for one dollar. The offer is good only until April 30th. See advertisement in another column. Adv.

Dr. W. H. Haynes lost his case against Soop the restaurant keeper, the judge taking the case from the jury, on the grounds that Haynes is not a citizen, that Soop's dining hall was a private place, and that the portions of the Civil Rights Bill of this State that exceeds the title is unconstitutional.

The Afro American League will meet next Monday evening, at their hall in Hilsendegen Block to arrange for the entertainment of the convention which meets here May 13th. Arrangements will also be made for calling a county convention to elect delegates to the same. All members and those interested, are invited to attend.

Dissolving Venus, or Around the World in 80 minutes, will be given by Mr. Alfred Palmer, at the Second Baptist church for the benefit of the Sunday school, Thursday evening, April 24th. This entertainment promises to be an interesting one. Let every one attend. Admission 15 cents. Adv.

The "Song Recital" under the direction of Misses E. Azalia Smith and Mabel Hill, to take place at the Second Baptist church Tuesday evening, before a fair audience. The participants were all very cordially greeted and rendered a program of twelve excellent numbers, consisting of songs, readings, duets, trios, quartets and instrumental solos. It must be said however, that the singing was not up to the usual standard and the instrumentalists carried off the honors of the evening. The entertainment was for the benefit of the improvement fund of the church and about \$45 was netted. Members of the Mezzodi, Minnet and Silver Leaf Clubs were in attendance to represent their organizations. The general management was creditable, alike to the participants and managers.

C. A. Scott, interior painting, plain and decorative paperhanging, etc., 194 Rivard street. Estimates furnished and satisfaction guaranteed. Adv.

## Glances Here and There.

A VALUABLE and indispensable adjunct to the social circle is the young woman with a managing head. She supplies the motive force which keeps the wheels of society in constant motion. To her belongs the power to arouse the talent and energies of others and apply it to the accomplishment of any desired end. Whether it is some scheme demanding concerted well directed effort as a charitable enterprise or church fair or only a summer picnic or an "afternoon." The managing girl is equal to the occasion. She never appears at a disadvantage, in fact her genius expands with the demands made upon it. But just as great generals are rare so the women competent to direct the complex machinery of modern social life do not swarm in any community. Providence has wisely placed them few and far between, perhaps that their superior executive qualities may be the more highly prized. Then too the indisputable prerogative of this personage to give orders would be imperative if there were none to execute them. In society there is plenty of good material lying around, very much like the bones in the valley which Ezekiel saw, waiting the magic call of a voice of such sweetness and withal such power as only the young woman with a managing head knows how to use, to call them to life and set them to work. Were she a man her fame would spread abroad as the originator of great enterprises; but her place in the circles that cluster about home life would be hard to fill. And she is not without reward, for the body of women whose energies and talents have been systematized by the wisdom of her head shall call her blessed.

MEMBERS OF THE PLAINDALER Company have recently received several applications for young Afro American boys to work in offices. These chances are far superior to any ever offered the preceding generations and the opportunity should not be lost. Our boys should not only be prepared for the various requirements of office work, but they should keep their characters above reproach. This is a test. Many business and professional men have resolved to give our boys graduating from public schools a chance. It is a new avenue of employment in this city and the success of it depends upon the record made by the first who are thus taken. Be it remembered, however, that no saloon hound, pool player or corner banger is to be trusted or recommended to the confidence of any man. If parents of boys, and the young men themselves, prefer these questionable practices to an honorable name and good employment, let them stick to their choice and abide by the consequences.

TO HER ne'er-do well neighbor, the industrious crank is a veritable thorn in the flesh. Her early rising, her systematic methods, the vast amount of work she can accomplish in a day is a constant reproach to her shiftless neighbor who loves to take her ease, in spite of the fact that for the well regulated, every flying moment should have something to keep in store. But she has her opportunity when her thrifty neighbor, broken down by misdirected zeal, spends on a bed of pain, the time which should have been devoted to recreation. The ne'er-do well, untroubled by her own household cares, has always time to come in with little bits of cheerful news, to shake up the pillows, lower the curtains or tempt the patient's appetite with some dainty. In view of the uncomfortable quarters of hours she has hitherto experienced from her neighbor's zeal, she would be justified then in crumpling the sheets a little or setting pillows awry in revenge, but your ne'er-do well, along with her other disadvantages, has generally a soft heart and a forgiving spirit and though these often contribute to her own undoing, they quite as often make waste places glad for those more thrifty.

CONSIDERABLE has been told about the American box and future historians will find much untold regarding this product of the nineteenth century. The crops out in every phase of life and even in so called polite society, shows himself "alleged samee hogee." He is in his glory when there is little to pay and much to eat. To him gratitude is unknown and charity is a stranger. His main object in life seems to get all he can for nothing and to keep all he gets. When one meets one of these Lusur Naturæ with eyes of inordinate capacity and a stomach which never goes back on what the eye conceives, he is forced to the conclusion that all are not human who wear the cloth. It has been conceded that such persons reverse the natural order of things and live to eat, instead of eating to live, yet it is as culpable to allow one's stomach to run riot as it is to allow his passions to do the same thing.

Gun Wa has cured me entirely, of dyspepsia. Consult him Captain A. Carson, 135 6th street, Detroit.

Read THE PLAINDALER.

Gun Wa has made a new man of me. Wm. Stone 1005 Vinewood ave., Detroit.

Gun Wa cured me of rheumatism and can cure you. Mr. John Kristopherson, 21 Atwater street, Detroit.

Gun Wa has cured Mrs. Mary Sullivan of 34 1/2 Talmans avenue, Detroit, of stomach trouble. He can cure you.

SOMETHING FOR NOTHING—One must not expect it. But the most satisfactory of securing your own Home is offered by the Progressive Home Seed Company, 172 Griswold street, Detroit, Michigan. A One and Dollar Home costs you but One Thousand and Fifty Dollars in ten years. This includes both interest and principal. If you are not enjoying the comforts of your own fire-side enclose a stamp and write for our own Home. We are not speculating in real estate, nor in the dollars of the street. We invest your money and what we advance, in a home for your personal use and improvement. Are you interested? If so, write us. Adv.

Read THE PLAINDALER.

Gun Wa has cured Mr. Fred. Cody of 875 Michigan avenue, Detroit, of general debility. He can cure others.

Gun Wa cured my wife of rheumatism and will cure others. Mr. Francis, 23 Wilcox st., Detroit.

Gun Wa has cured Miss Fannie Powers 178, Williams ave., of catarrh. He will cure you.

## SAVE

A Dollar every week and deposit it at Four Per Cent. interest in the

## Citizens' SAVINGS BANK,

63 Griswold street,

By beginning at 20 years to deposit a dollar a week in the Citizens' Savings Bank you will have nearly 8,000 dollars in the bank at the age of 60 years.

Deposits received in the amount of 50c and upwards.

Capital and Stockholders' Liability, \$200,000  
Surplus Profits \$45,000

Directors: John H. Avery, Thos. Berry, Wm. G. Brownlee, Amos Chaffee, W. H. Hauman, Wm. F. Jewell, Chr. Mack, Aug. Marxhausen, Chas. H. Werner.

Edwin F. Mack, Cashier.

## HENRY MERDIAN,

—DEALER IN—

COAL,

WOOD, COKE

—AND—

CHARCOAL.

361 & 363 Atwater Street.

Telephone 329.

"YOU WE MEAN"

—SMOKE—

"VIM,"

THE BEST 5c CIGAR ON EARTH

ED. BURK'S,

36 MONROE AVE. WE MAKE 'EM

DR. H. P. SNYDER'S

Dental Parlors

TWENTY-THREE YEARS' PRACTICE.

"Vitalized Air" administered for.....75c  
Teeth Extracted for.....25c  
Teeth Filled with Gold for \$1.00 and up.  
Teeth Filled with Gold and Platinum  
Alloys.....75c to \$1.00  
Teeth Filled with White Filling for.....50c  
Teeth extracted without pain by the use of "Vitalized Air," which is made fresh every day; is warranted pure and perfectly harmless. All other anesthetics are dangerous.

246 WOODWARD AV.

Smoke

"NATURAL GAS"

—AND—

"NEW EL DORADO"

Best 5c & 10c Cigar in the Market.

—Don't forget the number—

232 CROGHAN STREET.

A. J. Herrmann's.



No. 124 and 126 Miami Ave., DETROIT MICH.

## WAR DECLARED

We have the Largest Stock and most Complete Variety of

## WALL PAPERS

In Detroit, consisting of

OVER 250,000 ROLLS.

We shall sacrifice the entire lot, Strictly for Cash, for the next 30 days at prices per roll, from

3 1/2c To the Best Embossed Gold 20c

WE INVITE INSPECTION AND DEFY COMPETITION.

ARTHUR TREDWAY & CO.  
108 WOODWARD AVENUE.

## HATS! HATS!

THE LATEST STYLES

—AND—

LOWEST PRICES.

—ALSO—

A FULL LINE

—OF—

Gents' Furnishing Goods

—AT—

W. MOELLER, 62 MONROE Ave.,  
Corner Randolph.

## H. RIDIGER,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

194 Randolph Street,

PANTS to order from \$4 upward.

SUITS to order from \$20 upward.

H. Ridiger, 194 Randolph Street.

Miner's Opera House Block.

## THE "LOUVRE!"

FASHIONABLE MILLINERY

For ALL CLASSES

At the Most Reasonable Prices.

The Latest Styles will always be found at our store, the assortment equal to anything in the city with the prices within the reach of all. A call will convince you.

THE "LOUVRE," 188 RANDOLPH Street.

Miner's Theatre Block.

## WOLVERINE WALL PAPER CO.

—WE DO NOT—

DECLARE WAR IN TIMES OF PEACE,

—BUT WE WILL SELL—

WALL PAPERS

For less money at Retail than any other house

in the State. Come and see us.

WOLVERINE WALL PAPER CO. 139 JEFFERSON AVE.

MILLARD'S STUDIO,

224 & 226 WOODWARD Ave.

The finest work in Photos and Portraits can always be found at

MILLARD'S, 224 & 226 Woodward Avenue.



### HENNESSY'S LAST FIGHT.

A Vivid Account of the Brave Pat's Encounter with the Cheyennes—How He Wielded His Winchester.

Quite direct runs the old trail southward from Arkansas City, Kas., to Oklahoma City. Along this trail the traveler's eager eye beholds a monument erected out of the native stone. Here lies the body of brave Pat Hennessy, who was murdered by the Cheyenne Indians in 1876. Many are the tales told of Pat and his many narrow escapes from the red devils of the plains. Of these it is not the purpose to speak at present, but to record his last great fight, where Pat proved himself a very Gatling-gun of death to his implacable foes. Pat is well remembered as an old-time Fort Sill freighter, and at the time of his tragic death was on his way from Caldwell, Kas., to the fort with six wagons and three trail wagons. With him were three men. One of these, a tenderfoot from Boston, had a great desire to kill an Indian. John Korison was his name. He little knew how soon he would get more killing than he wanted and undergo an experience seldom equaled in border tragedies.

One afternoon, shortly after they had gone into camp, they were attacked by a band of 300 or 400 Cheyenne braves with all the suddenness and terrible ferocity peculiar to Indian warfare. Hennessy saw them coming and instantly ordered the men to run for a canon just west of the trail. They misunderstood the direction, and instead of west took the trail north. The mistake hastened their doom. With wild yells of savage-delight the Indians circled around the three men. Korison was left behind in the race. He saw Indians on every side. No chance of escape, death certain. His alarm was over. The tenderfoot was a man. With a rapidity that indicated a previous training he raised his Winchester and fired into the Indians with shots so quick they almost seemed one. Deadly-hooting, too, for five painted warriors had gone down, their death cry ringing out and mingling with the dog-like snarls of several who were wounded. The Indians returned the fire and the three white men fell.

Old Pat saw the light from his retreat in the rocks. His mind had undergone a great change in regard to the man from Boston, and as the savages rushed to scalp the three fallen men his own deadly Winchester came to his shoulder, the sights caught the dusky form of a big Indian just in the act of scalping Korison. The rifle belched forth its messenger of death, and a red fiend sprang high into the air, then sank down still and dead. It was not that fiend of the plains, Black Scar, but another redskin, who, rushing onward to try for the scalp of Korison, met his own well-deserved fate from the sure aim of Pat. With yells of fury, the Indians left the three prostrate forms to attack their more formidable enemy, and from the belts of three bucks there dangled the scalps of three whites.

Hennessy was well prepared for defense—an immense rock behind, rocks at the side and in front also, which was the only point at which an attack could be made, and there over the rock gleamed with deadly menace his sixteen-shot Winchester. Swift now and hot the fight. Over 300 against one, but that one cool, determined and desperate—a host in himself. Into the advancing horde go rifle balls on errands of death, killing and wounding as they tear through the red ranks. With insane courage the savages rush up within ten yards of the rock. Pat no longer sights his gun; he rests it on a rock, cocks it with one hand and pulls the lever and trigger with the other, and point blank into the red devils he sends an almost continuous stream of leaden balls. They waver, break, retreat, but only for a moment.

The chief has been killed, but Black Scar takes command, waves aloft the scalp of Korison, points to the dead braves, calls for vengeance, and orders the fight to be renewed. This time the attack is made in front and at both sides. If they can scale the rocks at the sides Pat will be at their mercy. From the death-dealing point in front the good old Winchester again pours forth its terrible destruction, and at the loud command of Black Scar they surge around in front, face to face with their desperate foe. Pat's revolver, a self-cocker, does deadly work, fired into the yelling mass ten feet away, the last load gone, and again the Winchester, at close range, covers the ground with dead and dying. The red monsters are forced back from that death-vomiting rock, back from a single gun, back from one man, back from brave Pat Hennessy.

In a few moments the whole band would have fled, when suddenly the firing ceased. Pat's gun had become so dirty and hot by such constant firing that, horrible to relate, while attempting to put in a cartridge it stuck fast and could not be forced either in or out. The Indians supposed he was out of ammunition, and with savage yells rushed in to secure their prize. Pat met them with clubbed gun, and broken heads and bones were plenty as they came within sweep of his strong arms in the dead struggle; but those behind still pressed on, and he was soon overpowered and secured. Infuriated at the loss of so many of their number, they took poor Pat, tore his scalp from his head, bound him to one of his own wagon wheels, emptied sacks of oats around him and set him on fire. Just as they commenced their devilish torture and dance around their victim they heard a shot echo from the distance. The alarm was raised that the

soldiers were coming, and the stampede at once began. Picking up the wounded and some of the dead the Indians mounted their horses and scampered off.

There he was buried next day by some other freighters. The bodies of thirty dead Indians were also found.—*St. Louis Republican.*

### HIS WEB BESIEGED BY A TOAD.

Persistent Attack and Courageous Defence—The Toad's Vegetable Ally.

A story copied into the *Sun* reminds me of a still more striking instance of the toad's indomitable pluck than anything I have ever seen in print, which was observed in my boyhood at the door of a farmhouse in Fairfax county, Va. The doorsteps were cut from the trunk of a large tree, and a large spider had spun a strong web in a cosy corner near the ground, between the rounding curve of the block and the side of the log house. The grass had been worn from a space four or five feet wide about the entrance to the dwelling, leaving exposed a patch of hard reddish soil. There were locust trees around the house, and bunches of plantain leaves grew rankly in the thin grass of the lawn.

It was late on a drowsy summer afternoon. The spider was basking in the sun waiting for flies, when a valorous young toad appeared on the scene, hopping directly toward the spider's citadel. As the enemy appeared in sight the spider seemed to swell in size and put on his war paint, for, whereas he was dull in color before, he now became all aglow with brilliant hues. The toad advanced boldly to the investment of the castle, halting for a second or two below, and leisurely surveying the field. When these observations had been taken, he leaped up half a dozen times in quick succession at the enemy, and then rapidly retreated to the nearest tuft of plantain leaves, from which he nipped two or three pieces and swallowed them. Returning to the attack, the same series of operations were repeated many times, until the spider had spent all his venom, it is supposed, and the web was broken down and the brave defender was dead.

It was nearly dark before the combat closed. Nothing could exceed the courage of the defence unless it was the persistency of the attack. I would not venture to guess how many times the toad got a dose of virus from the spider, and can account for his resort to the plantain leaves only on the supposition that the courageous little warrior there found a sufficient antidote for the spider's poison. But throughout the whole of the lengthy contest it was the gamut assault on an entrenched enemy I ever witnessed. Besides this it afforded an example of pertinacity on the part of the despised toad which fully parallels the heroic quality of the spider, made familiar to us in youth by the story of the Bruce encouraged to renewed effort by the example of one of these little insects.

### Grammar and Sentiment.

"A kiss is but a common noun," cried Sue; "Yes, very common," artlessly cried Lou. "Yet if its common it is proper too!" "Cried Sal—a twinkle in her eye of blue. "It can't be both!" said Matie much perplexed. And so they argued out the questioned vexed. To one thing each at last made up her mind—A kiss was something hard to be defined.—*Lippincott's.*

### The Earth Growing Larger.

The earth, traveling in its orbit around the sun and onward with the solar system around some unknown and still greater center of attraction, is constantly traversing new regions of space, which it depletes of meteoric dust and meteorites, thus steadily—no matter how slowly—increasing in diameter. Now let this growth continue till the earth has just twice the attractive power which it now possesses, we should then have twice the number of meteorites and double the quantity of dust falling annually upon it.

Fortunately for our heads the earth has not yet attained very formidable dimensions, but we may look upon it as an established fact that it constantly gains in weight, and that in proportion to such gain its attractive power steadily increases. The attractive force of the sun is so enormous that a perpetual hail of meteorites must rush upon it from all directions, and some of the foremost observers are now of opinion that these falling bodies are the sole cause of the sun's heat.

In the light of this theory our earth is a young and growing, not an old and dying planet; a planet with a future, which ought to be cheerful news to all of us, although we shall not live to reap the benefit of it, and the sun, far from being on its last legs as an expiring luminary, is steadily gaining in heat and lighting capacity.—*American Geologist.*

### A Bad Place for Embezzlers.

Belgium is an uncomfortable country for embezzlers. A cashier employed by the city of Ghent, who embezzled 163,000 francs of the municipal cash, was just caught it very hot indeed. He has been sentenced to forty years' imprisonment and five years' police supervision to follow, has been fined 3,450 francs, ordered to restore the entire sum he embezzled, and will in addition lose all his civil rights.

Born and raised in a Chinese tea-drinking establishment, a Chinaman in Philadelphia says the only way to make tea is to pour the boiling water on the leaves, stirring them briskly at the same time. It should be served after allowing merely time to settle. The operation takes only a minute.

### Hibbard's Rheumatic and Liver Pills.

These Pills are scientifically compounded, uniform in action. No gripping pain so commonly following the use of pills. They are adapted to both adults and children with perfect safety. We guarantee they have no equal in the cure of Sick Headache, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Biliaryness; and, as an appetizer, they excel any other preparation.

Football is becoming very popular in this country. No wonder: there are so many "kickers."

### \$100 Reward \$100.

The readers will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

The Rev. Dr. Nichols of Philadelphia has accepted the assistant bishopric (Protestant Episcopal) of California.

One-seventh of the coal mined is lost by being broken up too finely.

### Homes for 50,000 Families.

Do not lose the opportunity of your life. The good land in the recently ceded lands of the Sioux reservation is not nearly all taken. Here is the best chance in the world for young men of energy. For further particulars write to the Alliance Committee at Pierre, South Dakota.

A Kansas man has been sent to jail 90 days for whipping his wife.

A slight cold, if neglected, often attacks the lungs. Brown's Bronchial Trochets give sure and immediate relief. Sold only in boxes. Price 25 cents.

The rich magnetic iron near Dahlonega, Ga., continues to excite much interest.

The U. S. Government makes regular purchases of Tansil's Pain for the army.

All the first-class race tracks employ a doctor by the season.

Six novels free, will be sent by Cragin & Co., Philadelphia, Pa., to any one in the U. S. or Canada, postage paid, upon receipt of 25 Dobbins Electric Soap wrappers. See list of novels on circulars around each bar. Soap for sale by all grocers.

The centennial of the Swiss confederation is to be celebrated next year.

A Lady in South Carolina Writes: My labor was shorter and less painful than on two former occasions; physician astonished; I thank you for "Mother's Friend." It is worth its weight in gold. Address The Br. Field Reg. Co., Atlanta, Ga., for particulars. Sold by all druggists.

The rat plague in Lincolnshire, Eng., continues.

A Massachusetts wife, who had been married only a year, applied for a divorce on the ground that her husband refused to wear the neckties she selected for him.

### A Woman Two Hundred Years Old.

A case is on record of a woman who lived to the advanced age, but it is scarcely necessary to state that it was in the olden time. Now-a-days too many women do not live half their allotted years. The mortality due to the function derangements in the weaker sex is simply frightful to say nothing of the indescribable suffering which makes life scarcely worth the living to so many women. But for those sufferers there is a sure relief. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription will positively cure leucorrhoea, painful menstruation, prolapsus, pain in the ovaries, weak back; in short, all those complaints to which so many women are martyrs. It is the only GUARANTEED cure, see guarantee on bottle-wrapper.

Cleanse the liver, stomach, bowels and whole system by using Dr. Pierce's Pellets.

### Syrup of Figs.

Produced from the laxative and nutritious juice of California figs, combined with the medicinal virtues of plants known to be most beneficial to the human system, acts gently, on the kidneys, liver and bowels, effectually cleansing the system, dissolving clogs and head-aches, and curing habitual constipation.

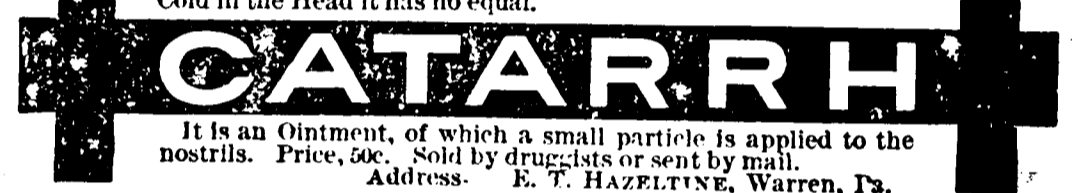
Ellen Terry says she considers Sarah Bernhardt the greatest living actress.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,  
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,  
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,  
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.



THE GREAT REMEDY FOR RHEUMATISM, LUMBAGO, SPRAINS, BRUISES, NEURALGIA, SWELLINGS, FROST-BITES, RHEUMATISM, HEADACHE, TOOTHACHE.

PIES'S REMEDY FOR CATARRH—Best, Easiest to use. (Cheapest). Relief is immediate. A cure is certain. For Cold in the Head it has no equal.



It is an Ointment, of which a small particle is applied to the nostrils. Price, 50c. Sold by druggists or sent by mail. Address: E. T. HAZELTINE, Warren, Pa.

### "Oh, So Tired!"

is the cry of thousands every Spring. For that Tired Feeling take Ayer's Sarsaparilla and recover Health and Vigor. It Makes the Weak Strong. Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

### DR. OWEN'S ELECTRIC BELT AND SUSPENSORY.

PATENTED AUG. 16, 1887, IMPROVED JULY 30, 1889. DR. OWEN'S ELECTRIC GALVANIC BODY BELT AND SUSPENSORY will cure All Rheumatic Complaints, Lumbago, General and Nervous Debility, Costiveness, Kidney Diseases, Nervousness, Trembling, Sexual Exhaustion, Wasting of Youth, Age, Married or Single Life. GUARANTEE RESPONSIBLE. ARTISTS ON 30 DAYS TRIAL. TRY A PAIR OF DR. OWEN'S ELECTRIC INSOLES \$1 PER PAIR. Also an Electric Truss and Belt Combined. Send 2c. postage for mass illustrated book, 72c. page, which will tell you in plain words how to use them. Address: DR. OWEN'S ELECTRIC BELT & APPLIANCE CO., 308 North Broadway, ST. LOUIS, MO. 828 Broadway, NEW YORK CITY.

TELEGRAPHY. We guarantee to be giving instruction to every graduate of American School of Telegraphy, Madison Wis.

WANTED. The address of soldiers who homesteaded a list of number of acres from 1861 to any time before June 21st 1864. MOSES & FRIGGSON, Denver, Colorado.

### NORTHERN PACIFIC.

LOW PRICE RAILROAD LANDS and FREE Government LANDS. MILLIONS OF ACRES in Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Washington and Oregon. SEND FOR PUBLICATIONS WITH A DESCRIPTION of the best Agricultural Lands. Address: GEAS. B. LAMCORN, ST. PAUL, MINN.

DO YOU WEAR SHOES? SEND FOR CATALOG. FAVORITE FILK & CO., 45 Grand St., Chicago, Ill.

### One Million Farms

FOR FREE ENTRY And For Sale at Nominal Prices in the CANADIAN NORTHWEST. Magnificent Wheat, Grazing, and Farming Lands. RAILWAYS, SCHOOLS AND CHURCHES RIGHT AT HAND. For Maps, Pamphlets, Freight Rates and Fares, and Full and Complete Details, Write at Once to Agency Canadian Pacific Railway, 23 South Clark Street, Chicago.

### TAR-OLD

A new method of compounding Tar. SURE CURE FOR PILES, SALT RHEUM and all Skin Diseases. Send 3c. stamps for Free Sample with Book of 73 Sold by all Druggists and by T. A. B. CO., 73 South Clark St., Chicago, Ill.

Burlington Route HALF RATES TO THE FARMING REGIONS WEST, SOUTHWEST, NORTHWEST. For particulars call on your Ticket Agent or address P. S. EUSTIS, Gen. Pass. Agt. C. & N. W. R. Co., Chicago.

1 prescribe and fully endorse Big G as the only specific for the certain cure of this disease. G. H. INGRAHAM, M. D., Amsterdam, N. Y. We have sold Big G for many years, and it has given the best of satisfaction. D. E. DYCHE & CO., Chicago, Ill. Sold by Druggists.

DENISON JOHN W. DENISON, Washington, D. C. Successfully Prosecutes Claims. Late Principal Examiner U. S. Pension Bureau.

### OPIUM HABIT. THE ONLY CERTAIN AND EASY CURE.

DR. J. C. AYER'S Sarsaparilla. A sure ASTHMA relief for KIDDER'S PASTILLES. Price 25c. by mail. Address: NEWELL & CO., Charleston, S. C.

FLINT COLLEGE, Flint, Mich., is the place to educate for teaching or business. Send for particulars.

"120 ORDERS IN 3 DAYS." "100 Orders in 24 hours." Terms free. J. H. EARL, E. Publisher, Boston.

YOUNG MEN wanted to learn telegraphy. Situations furnished on railroads. Address: Telegraphic School, Janesville, Wis.

WRITE F. N. Gibson, 108 1/2 Spruce St., Philadelphia, Pa., when shipping any pharmaceuticals. Highest references.

W. N. U., D.—VIII.—16.

When writing to Advertisers please say you saw the advertisement in this Paper.



### THE TRUANTS.

Harry—"That's ma calling me; she's going to lick me, 'cause I didn't hurry from the druggist's with this medicine. Jimmy, you can take my gum till I get back; I've got to squall like I was being half-killed, or p'all lick me; ma can't hurt any, 'cause she's sick most of the time." Jimmy—"Let's see that medicine. That's the same Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription that cured my mom. Why, she couldn't spank the baby, and now—the other day she shook pop so he doesn't drink any more. In about two weeks you'll get belted so you'll wish you'd been born good." Please remember, that Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the only positive cure for the numerous diseases that destroy a woman's influence in her family.

It's guaranteed to give satisfaction, in every case, or money paid for it promptly refunded. "Favorite Prescription" is a positive cure for the most complicated and obstinate cases of leucorrhoea, excessive flowing, painful menstruation, unnatural suppressions, prolapsus, or falling of the womb, weak back, "female weakness," anteversion, retroversion, bearing-down sensations, chronic congestion, inflammation and ulceration of the womb. A Book of 160 pages, treating of Woman and her peculiar diseases, and their self-cure, illustrated with wood-cuts and colored plates, mailed in plain, sealed envelope, on receipt of ten cents in stamps. Address, WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, No. 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

SICK HEADACHE, Bilious Headache, Dizziness, Constipation, Indigestion, Biliary Attacks, and all derangements of the stomach and bowels, are promptly relieved and permanently cured by the use of DR. PIERCE'S PELLETS. Purely Vegetable and Perfectly Harmless. As a LIVER PILL, Unequaled! ONE PELLET A DOSE! SMALLEST, CHEAPEST, EASIEST TO TAKE.





## JOHN WALTON'S FARM.

New York Ledger.

"Haven't you better subscribe for it?"

"I tell you, no. I haven't the money to spare. And, if I had, I haven't got the time to waste over newspapers," said Eben Sawyer, with some emphasis.

"But you will gain much information from it in the course of a year, sir," pursued John Walton.

"I tell you, I don't want it!"

This was spoken so flatly and bluntly that Walton said no more, but folded up the prospectus of a periodical which he had with him and then turned away.

Eben Sawyer and Ben. Grummet were two old farmers—that is, old at the business, though they had only reached the middle age of life—and saw their young neighbor had gone they expressed their opinions concerning him.

"He'll never make a farmer," said Sawyer, with a shake of his head. "He spends too much time over those papers and books of his. He's a little mite above farmin', in my opinion."

"Those are my sentiments," responded Grummet. "I tell you, Eben, the man that thinks to make a livin' on a farm in this section has got to work for it."

At this juncture Sam Bancroft came along. He was another old native of the district.

"We was just talkin' about young Walton," said Sawyer.

"He's rippin' his barn-floor up," said Bancroft.

"Rippin' the floor up!" repeated Grummet. "Why, the whole floor was put down new only three years ago."

"The tie-up floor, I mean," pursued Bancroft. "He's got a carpenter up from the village; and his two hired men are helpin'."

"Whew! I guess he'll make a farmer!"

And so they all guessed—with a reservation. In short, there was something highly ridiculous in the thought of a man's thinking to be a farmer and a student at the same time.

John Walton was a young man, and though he had been born in the neighborhood, yet much of his life had been spent in other sections of the country. His parents having both died, John had married, and now turned his thoughts to making a living out of the old homestead.

Ben. Grummet had a curiosity to see what was going on in Walton's barn, so he dropped in there. He found that the whole of the floor, where the cattle stood, had been torn up, and that they were digging a wide, deep trench the whole length of the tie-up.

"What on airth is all this for?" asked Ben.

"Why," returned Walton, who was busy superintending the work and also in working himself, "I am having a place fixed here for making manure. I mean to fill this trench up with good muck and thus save the liquids which have heretofore been lost. I think, by proper management I can get double the quantity of manure which others have got on this place."

"Do ye?" said Grummet, sarcastically.

"Yes," resumed the young man. "It is a fact that the liquid manures, could they be saved, would fully equal the solids both in bulk and value, and when combined with well rotted muck, and some other articles which shall take up and retain all the more volatile parts, I feel sure that they will afford more fertilizing powers and properties than the solid manures can."

"You don't say so! Where d'ye learn all that?"

"Partly from reading and partly from observation," answered John, smiling at his good neighbor's sarcasm.

"I don't suppose it costs anything to do all this?"

"Oh yes; it will cost me considerable before I get through."

"Yas; I should rayther calkilate it would."

"I swan!" Ben Grummet cried, as he met Sawyer shortly afterwards. "John Walton's regular hitlutin. He's jes' about as nigh to bein' crazy as a man can be."

"Eh?—crazy, Ben?"

"O—I don't mean, rilly upshot, like folks who are sent to the insane asylum; but he's got his head of all sorts of nonsense."

"But what in nature's he goin' to do?"

"Why—he's goin' to save the liquids, as he calls 'em! An' he's goin' to put in somethin' to take up the vol-voluntary parts."

"Voluntary parts? What are they, Ben?"

"It was vol somethin'. But I don't know. I wouldn't ask him. I s'pose he jes' used the outlandish word so's to get me to ask him what it meant."

—an' then he'd show off his larnin'. But I wa'n't so green."

"I wonder if he thinks he's a comin' here to show us old farmers how to work?" said Sawyer, rather indignantly.

"I guess he thinks so," returned Grummet.

"Then I guess he'll find out his mistake," added the other. "Jes' you mark my words, Ben. He'll be flat on his back afore two years is out!"

Autumn came, and after John Walton had mowed over a twenty-acre field, getting hardly hay enough to pay for the labor, he set men at work digging deep trenches all over it. He had two dug lengthwise, running up and down the slope; and then he dug quite a number running across these. They were quite deep and broad, and into them he tumbled nearly all the stones that could be found in the fields.

"A pooty expensive way of gettin' rid o' rocks," remarked Grummet.

"It's a better place for them than on the surface, isn't it?" returned Walton, with a smile.

"Mebbe. But what on airth are ye doin' it for?"

"Why—I'm going to see if under-draining won't improve the land."

"Under-drainin'! What's that?"

"It is simply drawing off the water from the surface. This land is cold and wet; but these rocks the sun may warm the surface and give me a good piece of soil here."

"That's a cur'us contrivance," said Sam. Bancroft. He and Ben. Grummet had been at work for Walton at hauling muck. He alluded to a large vat back of the house, into which ran a spout from the sink. This vat was capable of holding several cartloads of stuff, and was already half full.

"That's a compost vat," exclaimed Walton, who had overheard the remark. "All the slops from the house—the soap-suds and such stuff—which most people waste, I save by this means, and turn it to good account; and instead of throwing away refuse matter I put it in here and let it rot and ferment, and make manure."

"That all sounds very pooty," remarked Ben., after Walton had let them; "but let me jes' tell you, it don't pay! He'd better let sich fandangles alone if he ever expects to make a livin' at farmin'."

Before the ground froze up Walton threw out most of the muck back of his tie-up, which had become well saturated, and filled the trench up anew. When spring came Walton went to some of his neighbors and asked them to go in with him and send for some good scions to engraft upon their apple trees. He explained to them just the plan he had formed for his own orchard.

"How much will it cost you?" asked Sawyer?

"Why," returned Walton, "I'm going into it thoroughly. My orchard is a large one, as yours is; and the trees are mostly thrifty and vigorous—or could be made so—but with poor fruit. I mean to make a thorough thing of it, and shall expend a hundred dollars this spring."

"What! A hundred dollars! In your orchard?"

"Yes."

"Jewhitaker an' broomsticks! When I git money to play with, I'll try it."

A little while later, and the grass began to spring up on the twenty-acre lot as it had never sprung up before; and as time went on John Walton was continually studying how to improve his farm.

"Good gracious!" ejaculated Eben Sawyer, as Ben. Grummet and Sam. Bancroft came into his house one cool autumn evening, "have you heard about John Walton's apples?"

"Yes," returned Ben. "I was there, and heard the whole on't—so I know—I never would 'ave thought it. An orchard turn out like that!"

"And jes' look at that twenty-acre field," said Bancroft. "Five years ago it wouldn't hardly pay for the mowin'! It didn't bear much else but podgum. Now look at it. Think of the corn an' wheat he's raised there; an' this year he cut more'n forty tons of good hay from it!"

"We was jest talkin' about you, Mr. Walton," said Sawyer one day as John came into his house.

"Ah," returned John as he took a seat by the fire. "I hope you found nothing bad to say of me."

"Not a bit of it. We was talkin' about the wonderful improvement you've made on the old place and of the money you make."

"And do you think it wonderful?"

"But ain't it?"

"Well," replied Walton: "I don't know about that; but I'll tell you what I do know: I know there is no class of people in the world who may read and study to better advantage than farmers. Farming is a science, and he must be a man of more than ordinary capacity who can master it all. In short, there is no branch of industry in the world which may not be followed to better advantage without a good education. But farmers must not be afraid of newspapers and books. They won't if they are wise, follow every advice which experimentalists give, but they may study and reason and experiment for themselves. So I have done and so I mean to do."

## SUPERFICIAL SURVEY.

The child of citizens of the United States is a natural-born citizen of the United States, wherever the child may be born.

In Denmark most of girls are trained in agriculture, which is there an important industry. The owners of farms receive pupils, who undergo a regular training.

Eight varieties of leprosy are recognized in China, and the disease is regarded as contagious, infectious and hereditary, but is said to disappear in four generations.

A man at Ann Arbor, Mich., has secured a divorce on the ground of extreme cruelty. He alleged that his wife fed him on bread and milk, refused to sew buttons on his clothing, nagged him for expensive trappings for herself and twice actually assaulted him.

Dr. Onopoff, a tall, slender, young Italian, with black hair and a pale face, is astonishing Londoners with his power as a mind-reader. He calls himself a "psychophysicologist." He is performing at the Aquarium. He is the cleverest mind-reader London has yet seen.

Christopher Talbot, the father of the house of commons, lately died in London at the age of 88. He had sat continuously in Parliament for the same Welsh county for fifty-nine years and never made a speech. He saw Cobden, Bright, Disraeli, Peel and many others come and go. He was the largest commoner land-owner in England and leaves two daughters.

There is no country like France for starting journals. During 1883 no less than nine hundred and fifty new newspapers were brought out, of which not one remains in life. On the other hand, the Petit Journal now claims a circulation of 1,055,000 copies. During the same period there were printed in France over fifteen thousand new books, including 5,000 new musical pieces.

Prof. Haddon, the English naturalist, who has spent some months on the islands south of New Guinea, says there will never again be so good a time as now to study the natives and make anthropological collections, as the Paupans there are dying out fast, and still more rapidly discarding their native arts, preferring to buy the merchandise that the whites bring among them.

The theatre for the performance of the Oberammergau Passion Play this summer is now almost ready, and rehearsals have begun. Josef Mayr again takes the part of Christ. A few days ago a wooden cross some forty feet high, which has long been a conspicuous object on the summit of the Kofel—a hill which overshadows Oberammergau—was blown down during a violent storm. The catastrophe is held by many of the villagers to token that this year's performance of the Passion Play will be the last.

A traveling man reports seeing the following curious signs in Iowa and Nebraska: Omaha barber shop: "Foam on head 5c. extra." Columbus, Neb., depot: "Gentlemen keep out ladies' room." Norfolk, Neb., real estate office: "There are no flies on my land." Norfolk butcher shop: "We won't give no tick." Norfolk insurance agent's sign: "All small fry agents in this town but us." Lawyer's advertisement on hand bill in Gordon, Neb.: "Legal work promptly executed at divorces cheerfully granted."

Representative Allen of Mississippi was recently requested by one of his colored constituents to give him a recommendation in writing so that he could secure a position as watchman in one of the departments at Washington. As Mr. Allen knew that the man was worthy he at once complied with the request. The certificate of character was so warmly complimentary that Sam-wo was astonished when he read it. "Look heah," Nurse Allen, he said, "an' you gib me somethin' to do yo'self on dat recommendation!"

Florence Percy a few years since was a popular American writer, but some newspaper having said that her success was owing to the gallantry of American publishers and the pushing of her titled friends, she went into literary hibernation and has only recently appeared again under the pen name of "Katharine Armstrong." She is a frequent contributor to the best English magazines and literary journals. Just now she is residing at Rouen, France, studying the labor question as it concerns women. She is very clever with her pen and has a strong individuality.

An examination of the textiles from the German peat-finds of the northern bronze period has enabled Herr Buschan to distinguish the fibers of the stuff, and to show that at a period of great remoteness wool and flax, but not hemp, were made into webs. The folk of the lake dwellings could manufacture flax into coarse lace nets, mats and even embroidery. Herr Buschan holds it proved by the instruments discovered that they could knit and weave in the Neolithic period, when mighty mammoths were roaming over Europe and when England harbored the musk ox and grizzly bear.

Photius Fisk, who died in Boston recently was well known. He was a retired captain of the United States navy and his history was somewhat remarkable. He was of Greek-Maltese birth, his family name being Kavassules. In 1814, when a child, he was found in the streets of Smyrna during the terrible visitation of the plague crying for his mother. As he was presumably the only one of his immediate family that escaped the plague he was taken in charge of by some American resident missionaries and sent to this country in 1823, arriving at Salem, Mass., to be educated for the ministry.

John C. Eno is the social leader of Quebec. He owns a fashionable residence and gives superb entertainments, which are attended by the most aristocratic people of the city. He has a superb summer residence on the St. Lawrence. Eno is the bosom friend of Premier Mercier and other distinguished statesmen and is at the head of a dozen gigantic business enterprises. He has upward of \$1,000,000 invested in Canadian bank stocks and is a large holder of Canadian Pacific Railway shares. Eno is at the head of a company which has been given the exclusive right to use the wonderful powers of the Falls of Montmorency.



Dr. Gun Wa  
126 Miami Ave  
Detroit Mich  
Dear Sir  
I take pleasure in informing you that your treatment of my son is entirely satisfactory and the young man is assured of complete recovery. I write you for the object of assuring you of my complete satisfaction and giving you the permission if you desire it of using my name as a reference to your ability.  
Sincerely yours  
John P. Smith

The City Controller was called upon in reference to above letter and said: "Yes, that is a reproduction of my letter, and I wrote it because I considered Gun Wa entitled to it. Different members of my family are under his treatment, and he is certainly being successful in each instance. A noticeable case was that of my son whose disposition seemed to be undergoing a remarkable change from a bright, healthy lad to that of a cadaverous wolf. Knowing of numbers of Gun Wa's remarkable cures, my wife consulted him. He saw at a glance what was the matter, and with one dose of medicine removed from the young man a tape worm of such enormous dimensions that I don't understand how he carried it as long as he did. Naturally I have great faith in Gun Wa's treatment, and cheerfully give him my indorsement and have written him to that effect. I consider Gun Wa an acquisition to our city, and his prominence as a successful physician is bringing people from different parts of the state and surrounding country."

## GUN WA,

鑄和  
The Chinese Physician, cannot, under American laws, practice medicine, so he has prepared a line of Chinese vegetable remedies for the cure of different diseases, and has opened parlors for their sale at 126 Miami-ave., corner Grand Circus Park. He charges nothing for consultation, examination or advice, and only a small sum for his remedies. A friendly talk with Gun Wa costs nothing. Young, middle-aged or old men suffering from the effects of early follies or excesses, can be restored to perfect health. Many have lost their nerve power and vigor and become permanently old; they should visit Gun Wa. Those who cannot call should write; all conversations and communications sacredly confidential. If you cannot call write for large history of his life and the Chinese method of treating diseases; send for his circular on cancer, tape-worm, rheumatism, catarrh, female weakness, piles, or his book (for men only) on private and nervous diseases. No letters answered unless inclosing 4 cents in stamps.  
Gun Wa can be consulted by mail if desired. Call on or address, GUN WA, 124 and 126 Miami-ave., Detroit, Mich.

# Floral Exhibition!

## SPECIALS

We shall offer during the Floral Exhibition, extra inducements in each department of our establishment. Aside from this, we will inaugurate a

## SPECIAL SALE

—FOR—  
EACH DAY.

Some Great Bargains offered every day of Flower Show, April 2nd, 23rd, 24th and 25th. See daily papers for detail of Sales.

# Taylor, Woolfenden & Co.



**Church News-**

(Brief items of news will be welcome from either pastors or laymen.)

The Rev. Joshua E. Wilson has been appointed postmaster at Florence, S. Carolina.

The Twelfth street A. M. E. church of Louisville, Ky., was destroyed by the heavy storm which recently visited that section.

Louisville, Ky., has been selected as the place where the Afro-American Baptists of the United States shall hold their next convention, which will convene in September.

At a fair held by the ladies of the A. M. E. Zion church of Worcester, Mass., last week, several creditable paintings the work of Mrs. Susan Bell were displayed.

The offering at St. Philip's church New York, Easter Sunday was \$400 and at a bazaar held by the same church which closed last week, the proceeds were \$300.

The Rev. Geo. W. Clinton, pastor of John Wesley A. M. E. Zion church, Pittsburg, Pa., expects to issue soon the first number of a new quarterly to be known as "The A. M. E. Zion Miscellany."

The African Methodist, a monthly published by the Rev. Reynolds at Chicago, has increased in circulation so rapidly and has been so universally well received that the editor has determined to issue it weekly instead of monthly after May 1.

A difficulty has arisen in the Newport avenue M. E. church New York, between the pastor, Rev. Jordan Christmas, and his congregation, who accuse him of misappropriating funds collected by him toward the building of a new church.

St. Mark's Episcopal church of Charleston, S. C., celebrated the twenty-fifth anniversary of its history, Easter Sunday. The rector, the Rev. J. H. M. Pollard, devoted the morning service to a review of its history and a sketch of its principal pastors.

The Rev. Jno. W. Hickett, pastor of the A. M. E. church, whose house of worship, Fayetteville, Tenn., was completely destroyed by the cyclone of March 27th, makes a call through the Southern Recorder to the public and members of the Tennessee conference to aid him in rebuilding their church.

The officers of St. Peter's A. M. E. church, Memphis, have sent out an earnest plea for help. Their church has a debt of \$400, of which \$160 must be paid by April 29. The church has only a membership of 56 and they now find that in spite of their efforts they will have to give up the building, unless helped by outsiders.

An event of more than ordinary interest at St. Paul's A. M. E. church, Washington, D. C., was the reception into the fold, of Colonel Perry H. Carson. The tall pioneer of the Potomac, as he is familiarly called by his friends and the District Republicans. The announcement of the fact a week before caused something of a sensation in the congregation.

The Rev. A. N. Fairfax, a young man of much promise, who labored faithfully for three years at the Twelfth-st. Baptist church Boston died in Thomasville, Ga., March 21, and the funeral services which were held in his church were participated in by several prominent ministers. And a committee was appointed to present a memorial minute to the conference which was being held in that city.

The American Baptist publication Society refuses to publish articles from Afro-American Baptists in their Sunday School periodicals in deference to its Southern bourbon patrons, and in consequence the subjects of this un-Christian prejudice favor withdrawing their support from the Society and publishing a literature of their own, as the A. M. E. church is doing. Contributions by Afro-American writers have appeared in the Sunday School Journal published by the M. E. church which does not discriminate on account of color, as the Baptist Publication Society is now doing.

The Home Magazine, conducted by Mrs. John A. Logan, for April, contains the brightest sketch of an April poem that the spring sun will smile upon.

Picture of the World's Fair Committee. Empress Augusta—by Mrs. Logan. A Trip to Hebron—by Mrs. Lane. Janet: A Story—by Mrs. Oliphant. King's Daughters—by Mary Lowe Dickinson.

The illustrated article with finest views ever taken of interior of Vice President Morton's Home.

The Women's College, at Baltimore, Illustrated.

Bright Bits from Bright Books. All about Marie Bashkirtseff; extracts. The little folks are remembered, and a story of Abraham Lincoln, the White House and his boy "Tad."

Picture of the woman "who went up to the moon" to sweep the cobwebs out of the sky.

"Dining Room," with a reasonable bill of fare.

"The Painting of the Old Homestead"—by Amber.

Society Notes, A Short Story, and a host of other good things.

Don't fail to get the April number. The Magazine is sent three months for ten cents—silver or stamps. Try it.

Address THE BRADIX PUB. CO., Washington, D. C.

Messrs. Cox, Smith, Nelson and Loomis the pedestrians are in training for the race at Eclipse Park at Kalamazoo, next week.

In the race at Eclipse Park Loomis took fourth money. The race at Kalamazoo will be 72 hours, 12 hours a day after which they go to Coldwater, Mich.

Mrs. M. C. Hatcher of No 960 Jefferson avenue says Gun Wa has cured her of rheumatism.

Mr. Chas. Dreyer of No 112 Mt. Ell of St. Detroit says Gun Wa has cured him of general debility. He can cure similar cases.

Gun Wa has cured Capt. Louis Miner 26 Chase of general debility. He can cure you.

Gun Wa has cured Mr. Jas. Winney of Winchester of chronic dyspepsia. He can cure any case of this kind.

Wanted—A correspondent. Object, matrimony; a multi-ten preferred. Address, W. H. ST. CLAIR, Chateau, Montana.

WE SEND occasionally a copy of our paper to persons who are not subscribers. If you are not one this is a reminder to examine it carefully, and then send in your own name, and hand the paper to one of your friends with the same request. If.

Another cure by Gun Wa; Mr. Alexander Frazer, 315 W. 11th St., Ill cured me.

**Found Dead in Bed.**  
CASSOPOLIS, April 14.—John James, Webb James and wife, Mr. and Mrs. Heathcock and Mrs. Calloway, of South Bend, came Sunday evening to attend the funeral of Mrs. Carter James, to day. Mr. Carter James returned from Cassopolis late Saturday night and found her dead in bed.—Mr. Jakways committed suicide Sunday morning by hanging himself with a rope in the barn.—Miss Lenora Vaughn went to Chicago, Monday.

Mrs. Edward Dupont says Gun Wa cured her and advises ladies to call.

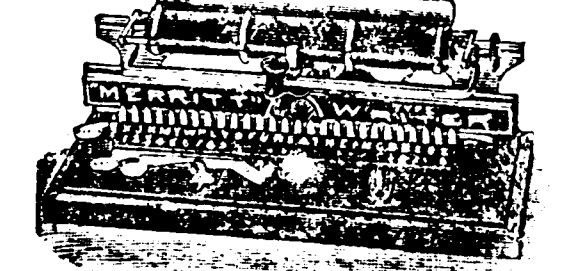
Another cure by Gun Wa—Mr. Alex. Afleck of Harrow, Ont.—of catarrh.

**Piles, Piles, Piles.**  
LOOSE'S RED CLOVER PILE REMEDY, is a positive specific for all forms of the disease. Blind, Bleeding, Itching, Ulcerated, and Protruding Piles.—Price 50c.

**GOODRICH BROTHERS,**  
Insurance & Real Estate.

Walker Block, 26 west Fort St.

**THE "MERRITT" TYPE-WRITER**



The Best on Earth. Price complete, \$15.

**"WARWICK CYCLES."**

Bicycles from \$35 to \$135.

D. L. WATSON, Jr., Agent.  
557 Jefferson Avenue.  
Telephone, 1088.

**HERE IS A CHANCE!**  
HALF PRICE  
FOR  
**30 DAYS.**

This being the best time to obtain good results from "Baccata," in making the hair grow, I have decided to give every reader of this paper a chance to use it. Therefore, commencing on March 31st and continuing until April 30th, I will send to any address two \$1 packages, on receipt of \$1, the price of one. Remember, this is only to introduce it to all the readers of this paper, and after April 30th it cannot be had for less than the regular price, One Dollar per package.

**DR. NAVAUN,**  
247 RANDOLPH-ST. DETROIT.

**F. P. HARPER, C. S. D.**

Teaches and Practises the science of healing physical ailments through the mind.  
Office 232 Woodward Ave., Detroit, Mich.

**PARISIAN STEAM LAUNDRY**

18 & 20 GRATIOT AVE. DETROIT.  
Lace Curtains a Specialty.  
Windsor, Chatham and London, Col.  
First class work warranted. Telephone 221.  
New Prices. No Accounts Kept.

**The Best Work Guaranteed.**

Shirts - - - - 10C  
Collars - - - - 2C.  
Cuffs - - - - 4C.

J. B. CLAY, Proprietor. Telephone No. 642.

**West End Bottling Works,**

BOTTLES OF POPULAR—

Ales, Porters and Lager Beer  
Family Use.

65 GRAND RIVER AVENUE.

**"IN THE FRONT RANK"**  
**THE PLAINDEALER**

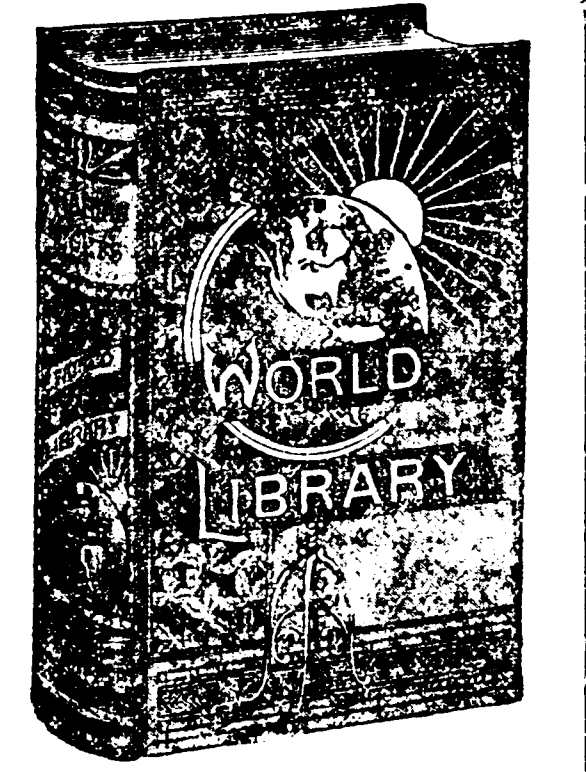
**GREAT PREMIUM OFFER.**

Subscribers to The Plaindealer for 1890, are now offered the greatest bargains in cheap book that have ever been put before its readers, as follows:

To every subscriber to The Plaindealer for one year who will send us DIRECT ONE DOLLAR and FIFTY CENTS, we will send in addition to the paper for one year any one of the books in the WORLD LIBRARY Edition of popular 12mos. Each \$1.00. Famous books of famous authors. Choice literature - classic and modern—of all nations. Standard and popular fiction, history, biography, poetry, humor, essay, religion, science, travel and adventure. Marvels of typography, illustration, paper, printing, binding and real intrinsic value. Bound in rich cloth, extra, with side and back stamp emblematic design in real gold leaf, and black printing. Largest, most complete, and best collection.

Remember you have No Express charges to pay. The book will reach you Free of Charge. Send in your order as soon as this copy of The Plaindealer is received, as this offer for particular reasons is only temporary and is liable to be withdrawn at any time.

**MAKE YOUR CHOICE:**



- 1 ROBINSON CRUSOE—How happy that this the most moral of romances is not only the most charming of books, but also the most instructive. Chalmers. Was there ever anything written by man that the reader wished longer, except Robinson Crusoe. Don Quixote and the Pilgrim's Progress.—Dr. Samuel Johnson.
- 2 ARABIAN NIGHTS—The oriental fairy tale, over which Queen Shehrazad reigns is now and always will remain a classic.
- 3 SWISS FAMILY ROBINSON—By J. H. Kampfe. No one but a German could have thought it practicable to land a whole family in a row of washing tubs nailed together between punks, and the island did contain peculiar flora and fauna, but the book is an extremely engaging one for all that.—Miss Yonge.
- 4 PILGRIM'S PROGRESS—It is the only work of its kind which possesses a strong human interest. Other allegories only use the fancy. The allegory of Bunyan has been read by many thousands with tears. While it obtains admiration from the most fastidious critics it is loved by those who are too simple to admire it.—Lord Macaulay.
- 5 ALICE'S ADVENTURES IN WONDERLAND.—By Lewis Carroll, with 42 illustrations by Kneller, 1 vol.
- 6 ANDERSEN'S FAIRY TALES—The most charming of the world, full of earnestness, humor, pathos and fresh inventiveness. Written in a language that is studied simplicity. They have become familiar to the child in all countries.
- 7 JANE EYRE—An English classic. A mixture of vigor and originality prevails in the work. This individuality of character and description constitutes the attraction and the value of the novel. The scenes are drawn with piquancy and power.
- 8 EAST LYNNE; OR, THE EARL'S DAUGHTER.—Mrs. Wood's masterpiece. A highly wrought, intensely interesting, a story of love, passion, and sacrifice, has been successfully dramatized.
- 9 TWENTY THOUSAND LEAGUES UNDER THE SEA.—By Jules Verne. Perfectly enchanting story, full of the most exciting incidents, relates partly under water, and a good the love, etc. The scenes are drawn with piquancy and power.
- 10 TOUR OF THE WORLD IN EIGHTY DAYS—Entertaining story of an English gentleman, who made a wager to make a trip around the world in eighty days. It is an exciting story as ever was written, a tour of the world in eighty days, etc. The scenes are drawn with piquancy and power.
- 11 FIVE WEEKS IN A BALLOON—Of all writers for the young, Verne occupies the first rank. He is always interesting on account of his wonderful flights of imagination, which just touch the borderland of truth.
- 12 GRIMM'S FAIRY TALES—Singularly fascinating, the delight of children, young and old, more admired than any collection ever published.
- 13 GULLIVER.—The most original and extra full of all Swift's productions. While courtiers and politicians recognized in the adventures of Gulliver many satirical allusions to the court and politics of England, the great mass of readers saw and felt only the wonder and fascination of the narrative.

- 14 AESOP—Æsop, born in the sixth century, before Christ, while traveling through Greece, recited his home-truths. He did not write his fables, but they were easily remembered, became universally popular, and were passed on from mouth to mouth, and from generation to generation.
- 15 POE'S TALES—Are admired very much for their ingenuity and powerful though morbid and gloomy pathos.
- 16 POE'S POEMS—The flow of all Poe's verse is remarkable for ease and gracefulness, and have placed him in the front rank of the poets of the world.
- 17 LONGFELLOW'S POEMS—The poetry of Mr. Longfellow is marked by a vivid imagination, susceptibility to the impressions of natural scenery, and a ready perception of the analogies between natural objects and the feeling of the human heart.
- 18 WHITTIER'S POEMS.—Whittier is the most thoroughly American of all our native poets. Few poets have written so entirely for the greatest happiness of the greatest number.
- 19 BRYANT'S POEMS—His poetry overflows with natural religion—with what Wordsworth called the religion of the woods. His reverential awe of the invisible pervades all his verses, and imparts to them a sweet solemnity which must affect all thinking hearts.
- 20 MONA'S CHOICE.—(Mrs. Alexander, Mrs. Hector).—Real interesting novel. As in all Mrs. Alexander's works, the plot is subordinate to the clever conversations and graphic descriptions.
- 21 A LUCKY YOUNG WOMAN.—Capital social novel of modern life, very natural, truthful, and entertaining.
- 22 MERRY MEN, AND OTHER.—Tales.—Stevenson. Short stories, portraying life and character under very unusual circumstances. Mrs. Stevenson's original and dramatic style is here at its best, and fascinates one by its magical gift at story telling.
- 23 BARON MUNCHHAUSEN.—The original Munchausen was a German officer in the Russian service, who served against the Turks. He told the most extravagant stories about the campaign till his fancy got the best of his memory, and he told his own extravagant fictions. The wit and humor of these tales are simply delightful.
- 24 WAVERLEY.—Scott is just one of the poets (we may call poets all the great creators in prose and verse) on whom never I had finished it, he can read it all over again, or watch the sunrise or the sunset day by day with new delight.
- 25 IVANHOE.—At first Ivanhoe proved hard reading. But when at last the mortal was passed, and entrance was had into the enchanted palace of delight, which the Wizard of the North has cast by his Aladdin's lamp of a night of gold, who could resist the magic of the wonder-worker.
- 26 ROB ROY—Everybody's favorite. Scott's version of the "The Robin Hood of Scotland, the dread of the wealthy but the friend of the poor.
- 27 COOPER'S THE LAST OF THE MOHICANS.—In his productions every American must take an honest pride; for surely no one has succeeded like Cooper in the portrayal of a manly character, or has given such glowing and eminently truthful pictures of American scenery.—W. H. Prescott.
- 28 WILLIE REILLY.—Mr Carleton has caught most accurately the lights and shades of Irish life. His tales are full of vigorous, picturesque description. Never were there such vivid and so true descriptions of Irish life as in the tales of Willie Reilly, there is no want of poetry, pathos and passion.
- 29 BENJ FRANKLIN.—Never was the Arabian Nights read with greater zest than I read Franklin's Autobiography, and when I had finished it I began and read it all over again. It was this book that had the most influence upon my life.—J. L. Gilder.
- 30 EVENINGS AT HOME.—Real pleasing book for young and old. Has been a favorite for years.
- 31 JOHN HALIFAX—It is designed to trace the career from boyhood to age to a perfect man—a Christian gentleman, and it abounds in incident both well and highly wrought.
- 32 DANIEL BOONE.—A book full of stirring incidents, begins with the Indians, descriptions of border life in Virginia, Kentucky and North Carolina 10 years ago, written by one of the most renowned American pioneers.
- 33 CRAIG'S PRONOUNCING DICTIONARY.—A popular dictionary of the English language, with illustrations on every page. A very attractive volume.

- 34 LUCILE (MEREDITH'S), nom de plume for Lord Lytton, has an eye for color, his ear is open for the cries of nature, he feels the hush of noon and the silence of mid night, and that, while he to take daily and feel deeply, he can express with rare felicity and power.
- 35 HOYLE'S GAMES—Now for many years the standard authority for cards and other games. Perfectly indispensible in its way.
- 36 ADAM BEDE—These admirable pictures of society hold a rare and abiding place in English literature.
- 37 SHE.—A remarkable story of adventure and of the supernatural, full of the most thrilling incidents. The scene is laid in the dark continent, where our explorers discover a fierce but intelligent tribe ruled by a beautiful woman called "She who must be Ouyed."
- 38 KING SOLOMON'S MINES.—A story of wild adventures in the distant fields of Africa. Holds the attention of the reader from beginning to end.
- 39 JESS—Haggard. An intensely dramatic story of South Africa, mentioning the Zulu war, the uprising of the Boers in the Transvaal English settlements, war and famine, and at last an heroic sacrifice of one sister for another.
- 40 WITCH'S HEAD—Haggard. A novel of English life combined with adventures in Zululand, written in the author's best vein; readable from cover to cover.
- 41 ALLEN QUARTERMAIN—Haggard. A story of marvellous adventures in the heart of Africa. Our heroes having heard of a white race of great beauty living in the unknown wilds of the center of this country, resolve to find it, and finally succeed in discovering the country, Zu-Vendia, full of an amazing wealth, and ruled by beautiful women.
- 42 HARRY LORREQUER—There is no dullness in Mr. Lever's dashing, daring, rapid books. He has the true spring of Irish humor and Irish shrewdness in him.
- 43 HANDY ANDY.—We see the people we hear them, they are dramatized as they exist in nature, and all their peculiarities are touched with a master hand. Handy Andy is full of frolic, genuine fun and exquisite touches of Irish humor.
- 44 CHINESE GORDON.—A good life of the "Hero of Khartoum," by one of his relatives. Presents Gordon in his true light, shows that he deserves the title of Christian soldier, and gives a full account of his exciting adventures in China Egypt.
- 45 TENNYSON.—A very pretty edition of the works of the greatest of living poets.
- 46 NEW ARABIAN NIGHTS—Stevenson. Collection of short stories; The Suicide Club; The Rajah's Diamond; The Pavilion on the Links, &c. Stories new much admired.
- 47 CARDINAL SIN.—By Hugh Conway. An exciting story well told. A claimant appears for a vast English estate, but is shot in a midnight interview with the man in possession. The verdict is "lied in self defence." All kinds of complications arise from this incident.
- 48 SADDLE AND SADDLE.—Smart. A very entertaining novel. Hawley Smart is the greatest favorite with people that believe in the pleasures of the chase and other manly sports.
- 49 PENALTY OF FATE.—By Miss Braddon.
- 50 AS IN A LOOKING-GLASS.—Phillips. A novel of modern society, but shows rather the dark side of it; describes the peculiarities of an adventuress, and contains capital descriptions of life in England and on the Continent.

**CHARLES DICKENS' WORKS AS UNDER:**

- 51 CHILD'S HISTORY OF ENGLAND—Dickens.
- 52 OLIVER TWIST.—Dickens.
- 53 OLD CURIOSITY SHOP.—Dickens.
- 54 SKETCHES BY BOZ.—Dickens.
- 55 PICKWICK PAPERS.—Dickens.
- 56 DAVID COPPERFIELD.—Dickens.
- 57 NICHOLAS NICKLEBY.—Dickens.
- 58 DOMBEY AND SON.—Dickens.